

<b>G0.0 + 0.0</b>			Sgr A East
<b>RA:</b> $17^{\text{h}}42^{\text{m}}33^{\text{s}}$	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 100?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> $3.5 \times 2.5$	
<b>Dec:</b> $-28^{\circ}59'$	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.8?	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Non-thermal shell, in complex region, interacting with molecular material to the west.			
<b>References:</b> Ekers <i>et al.</i> 1983, A&A, 122, 143. VLA at 1.4 GHz and 5 GHz (both $5'' \times 8''$ ), $S(1.4) = 77$ , $S(5.0) = 31$ . Pedlar <i>et al.</i> 1989, ApJ, 342, 769. VLA at 332 MHz ( $12''$ ), 1.4 GHz ( $1''.3 \times 2''.5$ ) and 5 GHz ( $1''.3 \times 2''.5$ ). Mezger <i>et al.</i> 1989, A&A, 209, 337. Nearby molecular material. Ho <i>et al.</i> 1991, Nat, 350, 309. VLA of NH <sub>3</sub> emission from surroundings. Anantharamaiah <i>et al.</i> 1991, MNRAS, 249, 262. VLA at 330 MHz ( $17'' \times 33''$ ). Serabyn <i>et al.</i> 1992, ApJ, 395, 166. Nearby molecular material. Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 835. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 88''$ ). Yusef-Zadeh & Mehringer 1995, ApJ, 452, L37. VLA of nearby H <sub>2</sub> O masers.			
<b>G0.9 + 0.1</b>			
<b>RA:</b> $17^{\text{h}}44^{\text{m}}12^{\text{s}}$	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 18?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 8	
<b>Dec:</b> $-28^{\circ}08'$	<b>Spectral index:</b> varies	<b>Type:</b> C	
<b>Radio:</b> Flat spectrum core within steep spectrum shell.			
<b>X-ray:</b> Possibly detected.			
<b>References:</b> Helfand & Becker 1987, ApJ, 314, 203. VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz, and IPC observations. Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 835. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 91''$ ).			
<b>G1.0 – 0.1</b>			
<b>RA:</b> $17^{\text{h}}46^{\text{m}}20^{\text{s}}$	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 15?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 8	
<b>Dec:</b> $-28^{\circ}25'$	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.6?	<b>Type:</b> S	
Has been called G1.05–0.1.			
<b>Radio:</b> Incomplete shell, to the S of Sgr D.			
<b>References:</b> Downes <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&AS, 35, 1. Review of flux densities. Anantharamaiah <i>et al.</i> 1991, MNRAS, 249, 262. VLA at 330 MHz ( $64'' \times 100''$ : $S = 12.3$ ). Liszt 1992, ApJS, 82, 495. VLA at 1.6 GHz ( $13'' \times 23''$ ). Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 835. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 91''$ ).			
<b>G1.4 – 0.1</b>			
<b>RA:</b> $17^{\text{h}}46^{\text{m}}30^{\text{s}}$	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 2?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 10	
<b>Dec:</b> $-27^{\circ}45'$	<b>Spectral index:</b> ?	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Shell, brightest in E.			
<b>References:</b> Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 847. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 92''$ : $S = 2$ ).			
<b>G1.9 + 0.3</b>			
<b>RA:</b> $17^{\text{h}}45^{\text{m}}37^{\text{s}}$	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 0.6	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 1.2	
<b>Dec:</b> $-27^{\circ}09'$	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.7	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Shell, brighter to the N.			
<b>References:</b> Green & Gull 1984, Nat, 312, 527. VLA at 5 GHz ( $4''.4 \times 2''$ ). Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 835. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 94''$ ).			
<b>G3.7 – 0.2</b>			
<b>RA:</b> $17^{\text{h}}52^{\text{m}}20^{\text{s}}$	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 3?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> $11 \times 14$	
<b>Dec:</b> $-25^{\circ}50'$	<b>Spectral index:</b> ?	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Double arc.			
<b>References:</b> Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 847. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 99''$ : $S = 2.4$ ).			

**G3.8 + 0.3**

**RA:** 17<sup>h</sup>49<sup>m</sup>50<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** -25°27'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 4?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:** 18  
**Type:** S?

**Radio:** Incomplete shell.

**References:**

Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 847. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 100''$ :  $S = 3.5$ ).

**G4.2 - 3.5**

**RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>05<sup>m</sup>45<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** -27°04'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 3.2?  
**Spectral index:** 0.6?

**Size/arcmin:** 28  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Elongated shell.

**References:**

Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters.  
 Reich *et al.* 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.3$ ).

**G4.5 + 6.8**

**RA:** 17<sup>h</sup>27<sup>m</sup>42<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** -21°27'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 19  
**Spectral index:** 0.64

Kepler, SN1604, 3C358

**Size/arcmin:** 3  
**Type:** S

This is the remnant of Kepler's SN of AD1604.

**Radio:** Incomplete shell, brighter to the N.

**Optical:** Faint filaments.

**X-ray:** Shell, brighter to the N.

**Distance:** Historical observations indicate about 4.4 kpc.

**References:**

van den Bergh & Kamper 1977, ApJ, 218, 617. Optical proper motions.  
 Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra.  
 Danziger & Goss 1980, MNRAS, 190, 47P. Revision of distance.  
 White & Long 1983, ApJ, 264, 196. IPC observations.  
 Matsui *et al.* 1984, ApJ, 287, 295. VLA at 1.4 ( $2''.5 \times 3''.2$ ) and 5 GHz ( $3''.2 \times 4''.8$ ) and HRI map ( $5''$ ).  
 Dickel *et al.* 1988, ApJ, 330, 254. VLA at 1.4 ( $1''.2 \times 2''.3$ ) and 5 GHz ( $0''.6 \times 1''.0$ ) at two epochs.  
 Smith *et al.* 1989, ApJ, 347, 925. EXOSAT observations.  
 Hatsukade *et al.* 1990, PASJ, 42, 279. X-ray spectrum.  
 Blair *et al.* 1991, ApJ, 366, 484. Optical imaging and spectroscopy.  
 Bandiera & van den Bergh 1991, ApJ, 374, 186. Optical changes.  
 van den Bergh 1991, PASP, 103, 194. Optical imaging.  
 Predehl & Schmitt 1995, A&A, 293, 889. ROSAT of dust scattered halo.

**G5.2 - 2.6**

**RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>04<sup>m</sup>25<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** -25°45'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 2.6?  
**Spectral index:** 0.6?

**Size/arcmin:** 18  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Poorly resolved shell.

**References:**

Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters.  
 Reich *et al.* 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.3$ ).

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<b>G5.4 – 1.2</b>		Milne 56
<b>RA:</b> $17^{\text{h}}59^{\text{m}}00^{\text{s}}$	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 35?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 35
<b>Dec:</b> $-24^{\circ}55'$	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.2?	<b>Type:</b> C?
Part been called G5.3–1.0. Has been suggested that this is not a SNR.		
<b>Radio:</b> Incomplete shell, including wide “v” of emission to east with small flat-spectrum source at apex.		
<b>Optical:</b> Detected.		
<b>Distance:</b> HI absorption suggests $> 4.3$ kpc.		
<b>Point sources:</b> Pulsar associated with flat spectrum source.		
<b>References:</b>		
Clark <i>et al.</i> 1975, AuJPA, 37, 75. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 38$ ).		
Becker & Kundu 1975, AJ, 80, 679. NRAO 140-ft at 10.6 GHz ( $3'$ ).		
Dickey & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz ( $8'.4$ ) and 5 GHz ( $4'.4$ ).		
Angerhofer <i>et al.</i> 1977, A&A, 55, 11. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz ( $6'.8 : S = 21.9 \pm 2.4$ ).		
Altenhoff <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz ( $2'.6$ ).		
Zealey <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&AS, 38, 39. Optical detection.		
Becker & Helfand 1985, Nat, 313, 115. VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz. Suggest it is not SNR, see Helfand & Becker 1985, Nat, 313, 118.		
Manchester <i>et al.</i> 1985, MNRAS, 212, 975. Pulsar detection.		
Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1987, MNRAS, 225, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $42'' \times 110''$ ).		
Frail & Kulkarni 1991, Nat, 352, 785. Pulsar and remnant association.		
Manchester <i>et al.</i> 1991, MNRAS, 253, 7P. Pulsar and remnant association.		
Milne <i>et al.</i> 1992, MNRAS, 255, 707. Parkes 64-m at 4.75 ( $4'.5 : S = 30.8 \pm 2.1$ ) and 8.4 GHz ( $3' : S = 24 \pm 3$ ), including polarization.		
Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz ( $3'.0 \times 4'.9 : S = 38$ ).		
Frail <i>et al.</i> 1994, AJ, 107, 1120. VLA at 327 MHz ( $68'' \times 73''$ ), plus HI absorption.		

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<b>G5.9 + 3.1</b>		
<b>RA:</b> $17^{\text{h}}44^{\text{m}}20^{\text{s}}$	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 3.3?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 20
<b>Dec:</b> $-22^{\circ}15'$	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.4?	<b>Type:</b> S

**Radio:** Asymmetric shell.

**References:**

Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.3$ ).

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<b>G6.1 + 1.2</b>		
<b>RA:</b> $17^{\text{h}}51^{\text{m}}55^{\text{s}}$	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 4.0?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> $30 \times 26$
<b>Dec:</b> $-23^{\circ}05'$	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.3?	<b>Type:</b> F

Has been called G6.1+1.15.

**Radio:** Faint, diffuse emission.

**References:**

Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters.  
Reich *et al.* 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.3$ ).

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<b>G6.4 – 0.1</b>			W28
<b>RA:</b> $17^{\text{h}}57^{\text{m}}30^{\text{s}}$	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 310	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 42	
<b>Dec:</b> $-23^{\circ}25'$	<b>Spectral index:</b> varies	<b>Type:</b> C	
Has been called G6.6–0.2.			
<b>Radio:</b> Several non-thermal sources in a ring, with flat spectrum core.			
<b>Optical:</b> Filaments.			
<b>X-ray:</b> Diffuse emission from most of the remnant.			
<b>Point sources:</b> Young pulsar near edge of remnant.			
<b>Distance:</b> Uncertain mean optical velocity indicates 3.5–4 kpc.			
<b>References:</b>			
Kundu & Velusamy 1972, A&A, 20, 237. NRAO 140-ft at 10 GHz ( $3'$ ).			
van den Berg <i>et al.</i> 1973, ApJS, 26, 19. Optical.			
Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz ( $8'.4$ ) and 5 GHz ( $4'.4$ ).			
Dopita <i>et al.</i> 1977, ApJ, 214, 179. Some optical line ratios.			
Altenhoff <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz ( $2'.6$ ).			
Lozinskaya 1981, SvAL, 7, 17. Mean optical velocity.			
Andrews <i>et al.</i> 1983, ApJ, 266, 684. VLA at 1.4 GHz ( $8''$ ) 4.9 GHz ( $3''$ ) and 15 GHz ( $1''$ ) of central region only, plus HRI image of central region.			
Bohigas <i>et al.</i> 1983, RMxAA, 8, 155. Optical spectra.			
Odenwald <i>et al.</i> 1984, ApJ, 279, 162. Nearby IR source.			
Andrews <i>et al.</i> 1985, AJ, 90, 310. VLA of central component.			
Long <i>et al.</i> 1991, ApJ, 373, 567. IPC and optical observations.			
Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz ( $3'.1 \times 4'.4 : S = 660$ ).			
Kaspi <i>et al.</i> 1993, ApJ, 409, L57. Pulsar association.			
Frail <i>et al.</i> 1993, Nat, 365, 136. VLA at 327 MHz (smoothed to $65''$ ), plus pulsar association.			
Frail <i>et al.</i> 1994, ApJ, 424, L111. VLA of associated OH masers.			
Esposito <i>et al.</i> 1996, ApJ, 461, 820. Possible associated gamma-ray emission.			
Frail <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH maser emission.			
<b>G6.4 + 4.0</b>			
<b>RA:</b> $17^{\text{h}}42^{\text{m}}10^{\text{s}}$	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 1.3?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 31	
<b>Dec:</b> $-21^{\circ}20'$	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.4?	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Faint asymmetric shell.			
<b>References:</b>			
Reich <i>et al.</i> 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.3$ ).			
<b>G7.7 – 3.7</b>			1814–24
<b>RA:</b> $18^{\text{h}}14^{\text{m}}20^{\text{s}}$	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 11	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 22	
<b>Dec:</b> $-24^{\circ}05'$	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.32	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Shell, with high polarization.			
<b>References:</b>			
Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz ( $8'.4$ ) and 5 GHz ( $4'.4$ ).			
Milne <i>et al.</i> 1986, MNRAS, 223, 487. MOST at 843 MHz ( $44'' \times 108''$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 8.4 GHz ( $3' : S = 4.6 \pm 0.5$ ), with polarization, plus review of flux densities.			
Dubner <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1304. VLA at 1.4 GHz ( $70'' \times 35'' : S = 9.9 \pm 0.1$ ), including polarization.			
<b>G8.7 – 5.0</b>			
<b>RA:</b> $18^{\text{h}}21^{\text{m}}05^{\text{s}}$	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 4.4	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 26	
<b>Dec:</b> $-23^{\circ}50'$	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.3	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Asymmetric shell.			
<b>References:</b>			
Reich <i>et al.</i> 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters.			
Reich <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.3$ ).			

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<b>G8.7 – 0.1</b>		(W30)
<b>RA:</b> 18 <sup>h</sup> 02 <sup>m</sup> 35 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 80	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 45
<b>Dec:</b> –21°25'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5	<b>Type:</b> S?
<b>Radio:</b> Clumpy non-thermal shell, with low-frequency turnover.		
<b>X-ray:</b> Northern edge detected.		
<b>Point sources:</b> Pulsar inside western edge.		
<b>References:</b> Odegard 1986, AJ, 92, 1372. TPT at 57.5 MHz ( $7'.2 \times 9'.7 : S = 190 \pm 50$ ). Kassim & Weiler 1990, Nat, 343, 146. VLA at 327 MHz ( $3'.0 \times 3'.7$ ). Kassim & Weiler 1990, ApJ, 360, 184. VLA at 327 MHz ( $2'.8 \times 4'.1 : S = 129 \pm 11$ ), and part at 1.4 GHz ( $0'.9 \times 1'.8$ ), plus review of flux densities. Frail <i>et al.</i> 1994, AJ, 107, 1120. VLA at 327 MHz ( $37'' \times 55''$ ). Finley & Ögelman 1994, ApJ, 434, L25. ROSAT observations, including pulsar.		

<b>G9.8 + 0.6</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 18 <sup>h</sup> 02 <sup>m</sup> 10 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 3.9	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 12
<b>Dec:</b> –20°14'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5	<b>Type:</b> S

<b>Radio:</b> Asymmetric shell.
<b>References:</b> Altenhoff <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz ( $2'.6$ ). Caswell 1983, MNRAS, 204, 833. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 5.8 \pm 0.6$ ). Dubner <i>et al.</i> 1993, AJ, 105, 2251. VLA at 1.47 GHz ( $41'' \times 63'' : S = 3.5 \pm 0.4$ ).

<b>G10.0 – 0.3</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 18 <sup>h</sup> 05 <sup>m</sup> 40 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 2.9	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 8?
<b>Dec:</b> –20°26'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.8	<b>Type:</b> ?

<b>Radio:</b> Not well resolved.
<b>X-ray:</b> Detected.
<b>Point sources:</b> Associated with soft gamma repeater.
<b>References:</b> Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3'$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4'$ ). Altenhoff <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz ( $2'.6$ ). Kulkarni & Frail 1993, Nat, 365, 33. VLA at 330 MHz (smoothed to $2'$ ) and 1.49 GHz ( $40'' \times 65''$ ), including association with soft gamma repeater. Sonobe <i>et al.</i> 1994, ApJ, 436, L23. X-ray observations. Kulkarni <i>et al.</i> 1994, Nat, 368, 129. VLA at 1.4 GHz ( $31''$ ) and 8.4 GHz ( $5''.5$ ). Vasisht <i>et al.</i> 1995, ApJ, 440, L65. Radio monitoring of core. Frail <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.

<b>G11.2 – 0.3</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 18 <sup>h</sup> 08 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 22	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 4
<b>Dec:</b> –19°26'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.49	<b>Type:</b> C

Probably associated with the SN of AD386.
<b>Radio:</b> Symmetrical clumpy shell, possibly with flatter spectrum core.
<b>X-ray:</b> Shell, with hard spectrum centrally brightened region.
<b>Distance:</b> HI absorption indicates 5 kpc.
<b>References:</b> Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3'$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4'$ ). Radhakrishnan <i>et al.</i> 1972, ApJS, 24, 49. HI absorption. Becker & Kundu 1975, AJ, 80, 679. NRAO 140-ft at 10.6 GHz ( $3'$ ). Altenhoff <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz ( $2'.6$ ). Downes 1984, MNRAS, 210, 845. VLA at 1465 MHz ( $20'' \times 25''$ ) and HRI observations, with review of flux densities. Becker <i>et al.</i> 1985, ApJ, 296, 461. VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz, plus HI absorption, HRI and IPC observations. Morsi & Reich 1987, A&AS, 71, 189. Effelsberg 100-m at 32 GHz ( $26''.5 : S = 4.04 \pm 0.24$ ). Green <i>et al.</i> 1988, MNRAS, 231, 735. VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz. Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz ( $3'.2 \times 4'.1 : S = 39$ ). Reynolds <i>et al.</i> 1994, MNRAS, 271, L1. ROSAT image and spectra. Vasisht <i>et al.</i> 1996, ApJ, 456, L59. ASCA observations.

**G11.4 – 0.1****RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>07<sup>m</sup>50<sup>s</sup>**Dec:** –19°06'**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 6**Spectral index:** 0.5**Size/arcmin:** 8**Type:** S?**Radio:** Incomplete shell, possibly with central core.**References:**

- Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 9.4$ ) contaminated by sidelobes of a nearby source, and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4' : S = 2.8$ ).  
 Angerhofer *et al.* 1977, A&A, 55, 11. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz ( $6'.8 : S = 2.0 \pm 0.4$ ).  
 Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz ( $2'.6$ ).  
 Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz ( $3'.2 \times 4'.1 : S = 18$ ).  
 Dubner *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 2251. VLA at 1.47 GHz ( $44'' \times 63'' : S = 5.1 \pm 0.6$ ).

**G12.0 – 0.1****RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>09<sup>m</sup>15<sup>s</sup>**Dec:** –18°38'**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 3.5**Spectral index:** 0.7**Size/arcmin:** 7?**Type:** ?**Radio:** Incomplete shell, defined in E only.**References:**

- Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 6.6$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4' : S = 1.1$ ).  
 Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz ( $2'.6$ ).  
 Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz ( $3'.2 \times 4'.1$ ).  
 Dubner *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 2251. VLA at 1.47 GHz ( $41'' \times 61'' : S = 0.7$ ).

**G13.3 – 1.3****RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>16<sup>m</sup>30<sup>s</sup>**Dec:** –18°01'**1-GHz flux/Jy:** ?**Spectral index:** ?**Size/arcmin:** 70 × 40**Type:** S?**Radio:** Amorphous emission.**X-ray:** Elongated emission.**Optical:** Filaments in S.**Distance:** Absorption indicates 2–4 kpc.**References:**

- Seward *et al.* 1995, ApJ, 449, 681. ROSAT detection, optical studies and observations of CO.

**G13.5 + 0.2****RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>11<sup>m</sup>20<sup>s</sup>**Dec:** –17°13'**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 3.5?**Spectral index:** 1.0?**Size/arcmin:** 5 × 4**Type:** S

Has been called G13.46+0.16.

**Radio:** Elongated, incomplete shell.**References:**

- Helfand *et al.* 1989, ApJ, 341, 151. VLA at 5 GHz ( $S = 0.65 \pm 0.05$ ) and 1.4 GHz ( $15'' : S = 2.67 \pm 0.5$ ).

**G15.1 – 1.6****RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>21<sup>m</sup>05<sup>s</sup>**Dec:** –16°36'**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 5.5?**Spectral index:** 0.8?**Size/arcmin:** 30 × 24**Type:** S**Radio:** Elongated, incomplete shell.**References:**

- Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters.  
 Reich *et al.* 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.3$ ).

**G15.9 + 0.2****RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>16<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>**Dec:** -15°03'**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 5**Spectral index:** 0.6?**Size/arcmin:** 7 × 5**Type:** S?**Radio:** Incomplete shell, with bright concentration to the E.**References:**

- Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 7.7$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4' : S = 1.9$ ).  
 Angerhofer *et al.* 1977, A&A, 55, 11. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz ( $6'.8 : S = 1.1 \pm 0.2$ ).  
 Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz ( $2'.6$ ).  
 Caswell *et al.* 1982, MNRAS, 200, 1143. FIRST at 1415 MHz ( $58'' \times 44''$ ).  
 Dubner *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1304. VLA at 330 MHz ( $77'' \times 61'' : S = 11.2 \pm 1.0$ ), 1.4 GHz ( $23'' \times 14'' : S = 3.9 \pm 0.1$ ) and 4.9 GHz ( $13'' \times 16''$ ).

**G16.7 + 0.1****RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>18<sup>m</sup>05<sup>s</sup>**Dec:** -14°21'**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 3.0**Spectral index:** 0.6**Size/arcmin:** 4**Type:** C

Has been called G16.73+0.08.

**Radio:** Asymmetric shell with flat-spectrum core.**References:**

- Helfand *et al.* 1989, ApJ, 341, 151. VLA at 5 GHz ( $5 : S = 0.95$ ) and 1.4 GHz ( $15'' : S = 2.43$ ) and OSRT at 327 MHz ( $S = 5.13$ ).

**G16.8 - 1.1****RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>22<sup>m</sup>30<sup>s</sup>**Dec:** -14°48'**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 2?**Spectral index:** ?**Size/arcmin:** 30 × 24?**Type:** ?**Radio:** Overlapping thermal and non-thermal emission, parameters uncertain.**Point sources:** Pulsar within boundary of non-thermal emission.**References:**

- Reich *et al.* 1986, A&A, 155, 185. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz ( $2'.4$ ), plus other observations.

**G17.4 - 2.3****RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>28<sup>m</sup>05<sup>s</sup>**Dec:** -14°54'**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 4.8?**Spectral index:** 0.8?**Size/arcmin:** 24?**Type:** S**Radio:** Incomplete, poorly defined shell.**References:**

- Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters.  
 Reich *et al.* 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.3$ ).

**G17.8 - 2.6****RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>30<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>**Dec:** -14°41'**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 4.0?**Spectral index:** 0.3?**Size/arcmin:** 24**Type:** S**Radio:** Well defined shell.**References:**

- Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters.  
 Reich *et al.* 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.3$ ).

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<b>G18.8 + 0.3</b>		Kes 67
<b>RA:</b> 18 <sup>h</sup> 21 <sup>m</sup> 10 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 33	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 17 × 11
<b>Dec:</b> −12°25'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.4	<b>Type:</b> S
Has been called G18.9+0.3.		
<b>Radio:</b> Incomplete shell, in complex region near the HII region W39.		
<b>Distance:</b> HI absorption indicates > 9.5 kpc, and possibly < 19 kpc.		
<b>References:</b>		
Willis 1973, A&A, 26, 237. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5' : $S = 17 \pm 7$ ). Clark <i>et al.</i> 1975, AuJPA, 37, 75. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' : $S = 38$ ). Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption. Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4). Altenhoff <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6). Milne <i>et al.</i> 1989, PASAu, 8, 187. Parkes 64-m at 8.4 GHz (3'.0 : $S = 12.9 \pm 1.0$ ), including polarization. Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (2'.9 × 3'.5 : $S = 55$ ). Dubner <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1304. VLA at 1.4 GHz (75'' × 55'' : $S = 29.9 \pm 0.3$ ).		

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<b>G18.9 – 1.1</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 18 <sup>h</sup> 27 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 37	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 33
<b>Dec:</b> −13°00'	<b>Spectral index:</b> varies	<b>Type:</b> C?
Has been called G18.95–1.1 and G18.94–1.04.		
<b>Radio:</b> Non-thermal, diffuse partially limb-brightened, with central ridge.		
<b>X-ray:</b> Partial shell.		
<b>References:</b>		
Fürst <i>et al.</i> 1985, Nat, 314, 720. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (2'.4 : $S = 23.8$ ), plus other flux densities. Odegard 1986, AJ, 92, 1372. TPT at 57.5 MHz (7'.2 × 8' : $S = 82 \pm 15$ ), plus review of flux densities. Barnes & Turtle 1988, in SNRISM, p347. Molonglo at 408 MHz (2'.9 × 3'.1 : $S = 58 \pm 9$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'.4 × 4'.1 : $S = 23 \pm 6$ ). Patnaik <i>et al.</i> 1988, Nat, 332, 136. OSRT at 327 MHz (0'.6 × 1'.6). Fürst <i>et al.</i> 1989, A&A, 209, 361. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (2'.45 : $S = 23.8$ ) and VLA at 1.5 and 4.9 GHz (19'' × 14''), and Effelsberg 100-m at 1.4 GHz (9') for HI. Aschenbach <i>et al.</i> 1991, A&A, 246, L32. ROSAT observations.		

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<b>G20.0 – 0.2</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 18 <sup>h</sup> 25 <sup>m</sup> 20 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 10	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 10
<b>Dec:</b> −11°37'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.0	<b>Type:</b> F
<b>Radio:</b> Faint, filled-centre, polarized.		
<b>Point sources:</b> OH source 20.1–0.1 is nearby.		
<b>References:</b>		
Becker & Helfand 1985, ApJ, 297, L25. VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz (12''). Odegard 1986, AJ, 92, 1372. TPT at 57.5 MHz (7'.2 × 8' : $S = 8.5 \pm 2$ ), plus review of flux densities.		

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**G21.5 – 0.9**

**R.A:** 18<sup>h</sup>30<sup>m</sup>47<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –10°37'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 6  
**Spectral index:** 0.0

**Size/arcmin:** 1.2  
**Type:** F

**Radio:** Filled-centre, with high frequency turnover.

**X-ray:** Detected, with power-law spectrum.

**Distance:** HI absorption indicates 5.5 kpc.

**References:**

- Wilson & Weiler 1976, A&A, 53, 89. WSRT at 5 GHz (6'' × 35'').  
 Becker & Kundu 1976, ApJ, 204, 427. NRAO interferometer at 2.7 GHz (20'' × 5'') and 8 GHz (7'' × 2''), plus review of flux densities.  
 Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).  
 Becker & Szymkowiak 1981, ApJ, 248, L23. VLA at 5 GHz (8''), and HRI and IPC observations.  
 Davelaar *et al.* 1986, ApJ, 300, L59. EXOSAT X-ray spectrum, and VLA HI observations.  
 Morsi & Reich 1987, A&AS, 69, 533. Effelsberg 100-m at 32 GHz (26''.5 :  $S = 5.64 \pm 0.29$ ).  
 Fürst *et al.* 1988, PASJ, 40, 347. NRO array at 22.3 GHz (4''.4 × 7''.3).  
 Salter *et al.* 1989, A&A, 225, 167. Observations at 90.7 (29''.5 :  $S = 3.8 \pm 0.4$ ) and 141.9 GHz ( $S = 2.5 \pm 1.2$ ).  
 Salter *et al.* 1989, ApJ, 338, 171. NRAO 12-m at 84.2 GHz ( $S = 3.94 \pm 0.70$ ), plus review of flux densities.  
 Asaoka & Koyama 1990, PASJ, 42, 625. Ginga X-ray spectrum.  
 Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3''.3 × 3''.4 :  $S = 9$ ).  
 Wallace *et al.* 1994, A&A, 286, 565. HI of surroundings.

**G21.8 – 0.6**

**R.A:** 18<sup>h</sup>30<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –10°10'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 69  
**Spectral index:** 0.5

Kes 69  
**Size/arcmin:** 20  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Incomplete shell.

**X-ray:** Detected.

**Distance:** H<sub>2</sub>CO absorption indicates > 6.3 kpc.

**References:**

- Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').  
 Wilson 1972, A&A, 19, 354. H<sub>2</sub>CO absorption.  
 Kundu *et al.* 1974, AJ, 79, 1332. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz (6') and 10 GHz (3').  
 Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft et 2.7 GHz (5' :  $S = 42.3 \pm 4.6$ ).  
 Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4).  
 Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).  
 Seward 1990, ApJS, 73, 781. IPC observations.  
 Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3''.3 × 3''.5 :  $S = 132$ ).

**G22.7 – 0.2**

**R.A:** 18<sup>h</sup>30<sup>m</sup>30<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –09°15'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 33  
**Spectral index:** 0.6

**Size/arcmin:** 26  
**Type:** S?

**Radio:** Non-thermal ring in complex region, overlapping G23.3–0.3.

**References:**

- Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').  
 Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).  
 Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3''.3 × 3''.4 :  $S = 82$ ).

**G23.3 – 0.3**

**R.A:** 18<sup>h</sup>32<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –08°50'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 70  
**Spectral index:** 0.5

W41  
**Size/arcmin:** 27  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Incomplete ring, in complex region, overlapping G22.7–0.2.

**Point sources:** Pulsar association suggested.

**References:**

- Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').  
 Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).  
 Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3''.3 × 3''.4 :  $S = 138$ ).  
 Gaensler & Johnston 1995, MNRAS, 275, L73. Possible pulsar association.

**G23.6 + 0.3**

**RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>30<sup>m</sup>20<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** -08°15'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 8?  
**Spectral index:** 0.3

**Size/arcmin:** 10?  
**Type:** ?

**Radio:** Not well resolved, in complex region.

**References:**

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').  
 Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).

**G24.7 - 0.6**

**RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>36<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** -07°35'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 8  
**Spectral index:** 0.5

**Size/arcmin:** 15?  
**Type:** S?

**Radio:** Incomplete shell, defined in SW.

**References:**

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' :  $S = 12.3$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' :  $S = 3.6$ ).  
 Angerhofer *et al.* 1977, A&A, 55, 11. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz (6'.8 :  $S = 2.2 \pm 0.5$ ).  
 Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).  
 Dubner *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 2251. VLA at 1.47 GHz (44''  $\times$  56'' :  $S = 1.9$ ).  
 Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.

**G24.7 + 0.6**

**RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>31<sup>m</sup>30<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** -07°07'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 20?  
**Spectral index:** 0.2?

**Size/arcmin:** 30  $\times$  15  
**Type:** C?

**Radio:** Filled-centre, with faint shell, and a compact HII region to the S.

**References:**

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').  
 Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).  
 Reich *et al.* 1984, A&A, 133, L4. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4.3 :  $S = 19 \pm 3$ ) and 4.75 GHz (2'.4 :  $S = 17 \pm 4$ ) and NRO 45-m at 10.2 GHz (2'.7 :  $S = 15 \pm 3$ ).  
 Becker & Helfand 1987, ApJ, 316, 660. VLA at 1.4 GHz (12''), and X-ray upper limit.

**G27.4 + 0.0**

4C-04.71

**RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>38<sup>m</sup>40<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** -04°59'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 6  
**Spectral index:** 0.68

**Size/arcmin:** 4  
**Type:** S

Early references refer to G27.3-0.1, a supposed larger remnant.

**Radio:** Incomplete shell.

**X-ray:** Diffuse emission, with central compact component.

**Point sources:** Compact X-ray source.

**Distance:** HI absorption indicates 6 to 7.5 kpc.

**References:**

Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5').  
 Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4).  
 Angerhofer *et al.* 1977, A&A, 55, 11. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz (6'.8 :  $S = 2.0 \pm 0.5$ ).  
 Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).  
 Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 75. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' :  $S = 4.4$ ).  
 Caswell *et al.* 1982, MNRAS, 200, 1143. FIRST at 1415 MHz (60''  $\times$  45'' :  $S = 3.5$ ). Revise  $S(408) = 10.4$ , and  $S(5000) = 1.9 \pm 0.2$ .  
 Kriss *et al.* 1985, ApJ, 288, 703. IPC and HRI observations, plus VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz (12'').  
 Sanbonmatsu & Helfand 1992, AJ, 104, 2189. VLA at 1.4 GHz for HI absorption.  
 Helfand *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 434, 627. ROSAT observations, particularly of central source.

**G27.8 + 0.6**

**RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>37<sup>m</sup>06<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** -04°28'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 30  
**Spectral index:** varies

**Size/arcmin:** 50  $\times$  30  
**Type:** F

**Radio:** Filled-centre, with spectral turnover.

**References:**

Reich *et al.* 1984, A&A, 133, L4. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3 :  $S = 23 \pm 2$ ), and 4.75 GHz (2'.4 :  $S = 18 \pm 2$ ) and NRO 45-m at 10.2 GHz (smoothed to 4'.3 :  $S = 8.5 \pm 2$ ).  
 Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.

**G28.8 + 1.5**

**RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>36<sup>m</sup>30<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** -02°40'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** ?  
**Spectral index:** 0.4?

**Size/arcmin:** 100?  
**Type:** S?

**Radio:** Part of rim detected.

**X-ray:** Diffuse, Centrally brightened.

**References:**

Schwentker 1994, A&A, 286, L47. ROSAT observations.

**G29.7 - 0.3**

Kes 75

**RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>43<sup>m</sup>48<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** -03°02'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 10  
**Spectral index:** 0.7

**Size/arcmin:** 3  
**Type:** C?

**Radio:** Shell with flatter spectrum emission from centre.

**X-ray:** Detected.

**Distance:** HI absorption indicates > 9 kpc and possibly at 21 kpc.

**References:**

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').  
Milne & Dickel 1974, AuJPh, 27, 549. Parkes 64-m at 2.7 GHz (8'.4 :  $S = 5 \pm 20\%$ ).  
Becker & Kundu 1975, AJ, 80, 679. NRAO 140-ft at 10.6 GHz (3').  
Becker & Kundu 1976, ApJ, 204, 427. NRAO interferometer at 2.7 GHz (20''  $\times$  7'') and 8 GHz (25''  $\times$  8''), plus review of flux densities.  
Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).  
Becker *et al.* 1983, ApJ, 268, L93. VLA at 1.4 GHz (3''), plus IPC and HRI.  
Becker & Helfand 1984, ApJ, 283, 154. VLA at 5 GHz (2''.6), plus HI.  
Morsi & Reich 1987, A&AS, 71, 189. Effelsberg 100-m at 32 GHz (26''.5 :  $S = 1.02 \pm 0.07$ ).  
Salter *et al.* 1989, ApJ, 338, 171. NRAO 12-m at 84.2 GHz of core, plus review of flux densities.  
Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.4  $\times$  3'.7 :  $S = 27.4$ ).

**G30.7 - 2.0**

**RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>51<sup>m</sup>50<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** -02°58'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 0.5?  
**Spectral index:** 0.7?

**Size/arcmin:** 16  
**Type:** ?

**Radio:** Poorly defined.

**References:**

Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters.  
Reich *et al.* 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3).

**G30.7 + 1.0**

**RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>42<sup>m</sup>10<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** -01°35'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 6  
**Spectral index:** 0.4

**Size/arcmin:** 24  $\times$  18  
**Type:** S?

**Radio:** Non-thermal, highly polarized part shell?

**Point sources:** Compact source near centre.

**References:**

Reich *et al.* 1986, A&A, 155, 185. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (2'.4 :  $S = 3.4 \pm 0.4$ ), plus other flux densities.  
Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.6  $\times$  3'.9 :  $S = 8.6$ ).

**G31.5 - 0.6**

**RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>48<sup>m</sup>35<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** -01°35'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 2?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:** 18?  
**Type:** S?

Has been called G31.55-0.65.

**Radio:** Distorted shell? near HII region.

**References:**

Fürst *et al.* 1987, A&AS, 69, 403. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (2'.4), plus other flux densities.

<b>G31.9 + 0.0</b>		3C391
<b>RA:</b> 18 <sup>h</sup> 46 <sup>m</sup> 50 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 24	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 5 × 7
<b>Dec:</b> −00°59'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.55	<b>Type:</b> S
<b>Radio:</b> Shell, brightest in NW.		
<b>X-ray:</b> Diffuse shell.		
<b>Distance:</b> HI absorption is seen to the tangent point (8.5 kpc).		
<b>References:</b>		
Radhakrishnan <i>et al.</i> 1972, ApJS, 24, 49. HI absorption.		
Becker & Kundu 1975, AJ, 80, 679. NRAO 140-ft at 10.6 GHz (3').		
Green <i>et al.</i> 1975, A&A, 44, 187. Effelsberg 100-m at 15 GHz (58'' : $S > 1.6$ ).		
Becker & Kundu 1976, ApJ, 204, 427. NRAO interferometer at 2.7 GHz (20'' × 23'') and 8 GHz (24'' × 9''), plus review of flux densities.		
Altenhoff <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).		
Goss <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&A, 78, 75. FIRST at 1.4 GHz (54'' × 66'' : $S = 20 \pm 2$ ) and Effelsberg 100-m at 10.7 GHz (77'' : $S = 7.5 \pm 0.8$ ).		
Wang & Seward 1984, ApJ, 279, 705. IPC and HRI observations.		
Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.4 × 3'.7 : $S = 44.8$ ).		
Reynolds & Moffett 1993, AJ, 105, 2226. VLA at 1.4 GHz (6''), including possible associated CO.		
Moffett & Reynolds 1994, ApJ, 425, 668. VLA at 330 MHz (smoothed to 30'' : $S = 38.5 \pm 0.5$ ) 1.46 GHz (6''.7) and 4.85 GHz (6''.2 × 6''.4), including spectral index and polarization studies.		
Frail <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant, including compact sources (masers).		

<b>G32.0 − 4.9</b>		3C396.1
<b>RA:</b> 19 <sup>h</sup> 03 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 22?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 60?
<b>Dec:</b> −03°00'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5?	<b>Type:</b> S?
<b>Radio:</b> Possible large shell?		
<b>References:</b>		
Milne & Hill 1969, AuJPh, 22, 211. Parkes 64-m at 635 MHz (31' : $S = 25 \pm 30\%$ ), 1410 MHz (15' : $S = 19 \pm 15\%$ ) and 2650 MHz (8'.4 : $S = 8.6 \pm 30\%$ ). Fluxes if size is 60', plus review of flux densities.		
Caswell 1970, AuJPh, 23, 105. Revision of low frequency flux densities.		
Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo at 111 MHz ( $S = 105 \pm 30$ ).		

<b>G32.8 − 0.1</b>		Kes 78
<b>RA:</b> 18 <sup>h</sup> 48 <sup>m</sup> 50 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 11?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 17
<b>Dec:</b> −00°12'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.2?	<b>Type:</b> S?
Part has been called G33.1−0.1.		
<b>Radio:</b> Elongated shell?		
<b>References:</b>		
Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft et 2.7 GHz (5' : $S = 7.2 \pm 0.5$ ).		
Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo at 430 MHz ( $S = 19.0 \pm 15.5$ ).		
Becker & Kundu 1975, AJ, 80, 679. NRAO 140-ft at 10.6 GHz (3').		
Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' : $S = 12.8$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' : $S = 7.7$ ).		
Altenhoff <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).		
Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.6 × 3'.8 : $S = 31.3$ ).		

<b>G33.2 − 0.6</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 18 <sup>h</sup> 51 <sup>m</sup> 12 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 3.5	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 18
<b>Dec:</b> −00°05'	<b>Spectral index:</b> varies	<b>Type:</b> S
<b>Radio:</b> Incomplete shell.		
<b>References:</b>		
Altenhoff <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).		
Reich 1982, A&A, 106, 314. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.4 : $S = 2.6 \pm 0.3$ ) and 4.75 GHz (2'.5 : $S = 1.75 \pm 0.2$ ).		
Dubner <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1304. VLA at 1.4 GHz (68'' × 52'' : $S = 2.7 \pm 0.3$ ).		

**G33.6 + 0.1****RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>50<sup>m</sup>15<sup>s</sup>**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 22

Kes 79, 4C00.70, HC13

**Dec:** +00°37'**Spectral index:** 0.5**Size/arcmin:** 10**Type:** S

Has been called G33.7+0.0.

**Radio:** Shell, with bright central region, in complex region.**X-ray:** Detected.**Distance:** HI absorption gives about 10 kpc.**References:**Caswell *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 35.5$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4' : S = 7.8$ ).Caswell *et al.* 1975, A&A, 45, 239. HI absorption.Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo  $S(430) = 69 \pm 33$ .Becker & Kundu 1975, AJ, 80, 679. NRAO 140-ft at 10.6 GHz ( $3' : S = 6.8 \pm 1.5$ ).Angerhofer *et al.* 1977, A&A, 55, 11. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz ( $6'.8 : S = 11.4 \pm 1.1$ ).Caswell *et al.* 1981, MNRAS, 195, 89. FIRST at 1415 MHz ( $1'$ ), plus observations of the nearby point source.van Gorkom *et al.* 1982, MNRAS, 198, 757. WSRT HI absorption to nearby point source, possibly extragalactic.

Sequist &amp; Gilmore 1982, AJ, 87, 378. VLA observations of nearby source, plus IPC observations.

Green 1989, MNRAS, 238, 737. OH absorption.

Frail & Clifton 1989, ApJ, 336, 854. VLA at 1.4 GHz ( $1' \times 2'.9$ ), including HI absorption.Velusamy *et al.* 1991, AJ, 102, 676. VLA at 327 MHz ( $1'$ ), 1.5 ( $7'' \times 14''$ ) and 5 GHz ( $7''$ ), including spectral comparison.

Green &amp; Dewdney 1992, MNRAS, 254, 686. Observations of adjacent molecular material.

Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz ( $3'.6 \times 3'.8 : S = 34.8$ ).

Seward &amp; Velusamy 1995, ApJ, 439, 715. ROSAT observations.

**G34.7 – 0.4****RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>53<sup>m</sup>30<sup>s</sup>**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 230

W44, 3C392

**Dec:** +01°18'**Spectral index:** 0.30**Size/arcmin:** 35 × 27**Type:** S

Has been called G34.6–0.5.

**Radio:** Distorted shell, brighter to the E, with pulsar and associated nebula.**X-ray:** Centrally concentrated, thermal spectrum, plus pulsar nebula.**Point sources:** Pulsar within the boundary of the remnant.**Distance:** HI absorption indicates 3 kpc.**References:**Kundu & Velusamy 1972, A&A, 20, 237. NRAO 140-ft at 10.7 GHz ( $3' : S = 105 \pm 7$ ).Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz ( $5' : S = 177 \pm 10$ ).Caswell *et al.* 1975, A&A, 45, 239. HI absorption.Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 75. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 299$  which is less than the 390 Jy found by Kesteven 1968, AuJPh, 21, 739 with the same telescope).Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo  $S(430) = 540 \pm 187$ .Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz ( $8'.4$ ) and 5 GHz ( $4'.4$ ).Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz ( $2'.6$ ).Smith *et al.* 1985, MNRAS, 217, 99. IPC observations.Wolszczan *et al.* 1991, ApJ, 372, L99. Pulsar detection.Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz ( $3'.6 \times 3'.8 : S = 469$ ).Jones *et al.* 1993, MNRAS, 265, 631. VLA at 1.4 GHz ( $15''$ ), plus X-ray spectra.Rho *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 430, 757. Optical and ROSAT observations.

Koo &amp; Heiles 1995, ApJ, 442, 679. HI of surrounding shell.

Esposito *et al.* 1996, ApJ, 461, 820. Possible associated gamma-ray emission.Harrus *et al.* 1996, ApJ, 464, L161. ASCA observations.Frail *et al.* 1996, ApJ, 464, L165. VLA at 1.5 and 8.4 GHz ( $8''.9 \times 7''.8$ ) of pulsar nebula.Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH maser emission.**G36.6 – 0.7****RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>58<sup>m</sup>05<sup>s</sup>**1-GHz flux/Jy:** ?**Size/arcmin:** 25?**Dec:** +02°52'**Spectral index:** ?**Type:** S?**Radio:** Polarized arc, possibly part of a larger shell?**References:**Fürst *et al.* 1987, A&AS, 69, 403. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz ( $2'.4$ ), plus other flux densities.Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz ( $3'.4 \times 3'.7 : S = 6.7$ ).

**G36.6 + 2.6**

**RA:** 18<sup>h</sup>46<sup>m</sup>20<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** +04°23'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 0.7?  
**Spectral index:** 0.5?

**Size/arcmin:** 17 × 13?  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Poorly resolved shell.

**References:**

Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters.  
 Reich *et al.* 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3).

**G39.2 – 0.3**

**RA:** 19<sup>h</sup>01<sup>m</sup>40<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** +05°23'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 18  
**Spectral index:** 0.6

3C396, HC24, NRAO 593

**Size/arcmin:** 8 × 6  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Shell, brightest to the W, with faint “tail” to E.

**X-ray:** Centrally brightened.

**Distance:** HI absorption suggests at least 7.7 kpc.

**References:**

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3').  
 Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo  $S(430) = 54 \pm 38$ .  
 Becker & Kundu 1975, AJ, 80, 679. NRAO 140-ft at 10.6 GHz (3' :  $S = 4.1 \pm 1.0$ ).  
 Caswell *et al.* 1975, A&A, 45, 239. HI absorption.  
 Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).  
 Caswell *et al.* 1982, MNRAS, 200, 1143. FIRST at 1.4 GHz (65'' × 48'').  
 Becker & Helfand 1987, AJ, 94, 1629. VLA at 1.4 GHz (12'' :  $S = 14$ ) and 5 GHz, plus IPC observations.  
 Patnaik *et al.* 1990, A&A, 232, 467. VLA at 1.5 GHz (25'') and 1.4 GHz (7''.8 × 7''.5) and 5 GHz (25'') including polarization, plus OSRT at 327 MHz (100'' × 31''), including review of flux densities.  
 Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3''.5 × 3''.6 :  $S = 42.5$ ).  
 Anderson & Rudnick 1993, ApJ, 408, 514. VLA at 1.45 and 4.89 GHz for spectral index studies.

**G39.7 – 2.0**

**RA:** 19<sup>h</sup>10<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** +04°50'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 85?  
**Spectral index:** 0.7?

W50, SS433

**Size/arcmin:** 120 × 60  
**Type:** ?

Eastern part has been called G40.0–3.1. Is this a SNR?

**Radio:** Elongated shell, containing SS433, adjacent to the HII region S74.

**Optical:** Faint filaments at the edge of the radio emission.

**X-ray:** Emission from SS433 and two lobes.

**Point sources:** SS433 is the compact source in the centre of the W50.

**Distance:** Distance to SS433 is 5 kpc.

**References:**

van den Bergh 1980, ApJ, 236, L23. Optical in H $\alpha$  and [SII].  
 Zealey *et al.* 1980, MNRAS, 192, 731. Optical spectra.  
 van Gorkom *et al.* 1982, MNRAS, 198, 757. WSRT HI absorption to nearby point source (not SS433).  
 Seaquist & Gilmore 1982, AJ, 87, 378. VLA observations of nearby source.  
 Watson *et al.* 1983, ApJ, 273, 688. X-ray observations.  
 Downes *et al.* 1986, MNRAS, 218, 393. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (2'.4 :  $S = 34 \pm 4$ ), plus previous 1.7 and 2.7 GHz data.  
 Romney *et al.* 1987, ApJ, 321, 822. VLBI of SS433, including distance.  
 Elston & Baum 1987, AJ, 94, 1633. Mosaic with VLA at 1.4 GHz (30'') of fine structure only.  
 Kawai *et al.* 1989, PASJ, 41, 491. X-ray observations of SS433.  
 Band 1989, ApJ, 336, 937. Einstein and EXOSAT observations.  
 Yamauchi *et al.* 1994, PASJ, 46, L109. X-ray spectral observations.

**G40.5 – 0.5**

**RA:** 19<sup>h</sup>04<sup>m</sup>45<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** +06°26'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 11  
**Spectral index:** 0.5

**Size/arcmin:** 22  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Shell, brightest to the NE.

**References:**

Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).  
 Downes *et al.* 1980, A&A, 92, 47. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.7 GHz (7''.6 :  $S = 9.3 \pm 1.3$ ), and 2.7 GHz (4'.4 :  $S = 7.2 \pm 0.5$ ), plus review of flux densities.

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**G41.1 – 0.3** 3C397

**RA:** 19<sup>h</sup>05<sup>m</sup>08<sup>s</sup>      **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 22      **Size/arcmin:** 4.5 × 2.5  
**Dec:** +07°03'      **Spectral index:** 0.48      **Type:** S

**Radio:** 3C397 is two sources: the E is the SNR, the W is a HII region.

**X-ray:** Brighter to the E and W.

**Distance:** Possible limit of > 7.5 kpc for non-thermal component from HI absorption.

**References:**

- Kundu *et al.* 1974, AJ, 79, 1332. NRAO 140-ft at 10 GHz (3') and 5 GHz (6').  
Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5' :  $S = 21.3 \pm 1.2$  for both components).  
Caswell *et al.* 1975, A&A, 45, 239. HI absorption.  
Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo S(430) = 82 ± 51, also Algonquin 46-m at 10.6 GHz (3' :  $S = 12 \pm 2$ ), and Haystack 36-m at 15.5 GHz (2'.3 :  $S = 8.5 \pm 3.0$ ).  
Caswell *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' :  $S = 29.8$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' :  $S = 8.7$ ).  
Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).  
Caswell *et al.* 1982, MNRAS, 200, 1143. FIRST at 1.4 GHz (58'' × 52'').  
Becker *et al.* 1985, ApJ, 296, 461. VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz (8''), plus HRI and IPC observations.  
Morsi & Reich 1987, A&AS, 71, 189. Effelsberg 100-m at 32 GHz (smoothed to 30'':  $S = 1.10 \pm 0.19$ ).  
Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.5 × 3'.6 :  $S = 46.3$ ).  
Anderson & Rudnick 1993, ApJ, 408, 514. VLA at 1.45 and 4.89 GHz, for spectral index studies.
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**G42.8 + 0.6**

**RA:** 19<sup>h</sup>04<sup>m</sup>55<sup>s</sup>      **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 3?      **Size/arcmin:** 24  
**Dec:** +09°00'      **Spectral index:** 0.5?      **Type:** S

Has been called G42.8+0.65.

**Radio:** Faint shell.

**Point sources:** Near soft gamma repeater.

**References:**

- Fürst *et al.* 1987, A&AS, 69, 403. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (2'.4 :  $S = 1.5 \pm 0.2$ ), plus other flux densities.  
Vasisht *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 431, L35. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.2 × 3'.4).
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**G43.3 – 0.2**
W49B

**RA:** 19<sup>h</sup>08<sup>m</sup>44<sup>s</sup>      **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 38      **Size/arcmin:** 4 × 3  
**Dec:** +09°01'      **Spectral index:** 0.48      **Type:** S

**Radio:** Shell, brightest to the SE and W, near the HII region W49A.

**X-ray:** Filled-centre.

**Distance:** HI absorption indicates 10 kpc.

**References:**

- Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 2.7 GHz (4').  
Downes & Wilson 1974, A&A, 34, 133. Effelsberg 100-m at 10.7 GHz (1'.3).  
Caswell *et al.* 1975, A&A, 45, 239. HI absorption.  
Green *et al.* 1975, A&A, 44, 187. Effelsberg 100-m at 15.0 GHz (58'' :  $S = 9.0 \pm 0.7$ ).  
Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz (2'.6).  
Pye *et al.* 1984, MNRAS, 207, 649. HRI and IPC observations, and VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz (both 12'').  
Smith *et al.* 1985, ApJ, 296, 469. EXOSAT spectrum.  
Morsi & Reich 1987, A&AS, 71, 189. Effelsberg 100-m at 32 GHz (smoothed to 30'':  $S = 6.90 \pm 0.38$ ).  
Moffett & Reynolds 1994, ApJ, 437, 705. VLA at 330 MHz (6''.7 × 7''.7 :  $S = 64.4$ ), 1.48 GHz (4''.8 × 5''.2 :  $S = 31.8$ ) and 4.85 GHz (4''.0 × 4''.1), including polarization.  
Fujimoto *et al.* 1995, PASJ, 47, L31. ASCA observations.
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**G43.9 + 1.6**

**RA:** 19<sup>h</sup>03<sup>m</sup>30<sup>s</sup>      **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 8.6?      **Size/arcmin:** 60?  
**Dec:** +10°25'      **Spectral index:** 0.2?      **Type:** S?

**Radio:** Large, poorly defined faint shell.

**References:**

- Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters.  
Reich *et al.* 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3).  
Vasisht *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 431, L35. VLA at 327 MHz (3'.2 × 3'.4).

**G45.7 – 0.4**

**RA:** 19<sup>h</sup>14<sup>m</sup>05<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** +11°04'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 4.2?  
**Spectral index:** 0.4?

**Size/arcmin:** 22  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Shell, brightest to the SE, poorly defined to NW.

**References:**

Fürst *et al.* 1987, A&AS, 69, 403. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz ( $2'.4 : S = 2.6 \pm 0.3$ ), plus other flux densities.

**G46.8 – 0.3**

**RA:** 19<sup>h</sup>15<sup>m</sup>50<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** +12°04'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 14  
**Spectral index:** 0.5

**Size/arcmin:** 17 × 13  
**Type:** S

Has been called G46.6–0.2.

**Radio:** Shell, two bright arcs to NNW and SSE.

**Distance:** HI absorption suggests 6.8–8.8 kpc.

**References:**

Willis 1973, A&A, 26, 237. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz ( $5' : S = 9.8 \pm 0.9$ ), and VRO 37-m at 1.7 GHz ( $S = 14.5 \pm 5.5$ ).  
Caswell *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 20.3$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4' : S = 7.1$ ).  
Dicke & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo  $S(430) = 46 \pm 21$ .  
Angerhofer *et al.* 1977, A&A, 55, 11. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz ( $6'.8 : S = 5.9 \pm 0.6$ ).  
Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz ( $2'.6$ ).  
Sato 1979, ApL, 20, 43. HI absorption.  
Dubner *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1304. VLA at 1.4 GHz ( $58'' \times 53'' : S = 13.3 \pm 0.1$ ).

**G49.2 – 0.7**

**RA:** 19<sup>h</sup>21<sup>m</sup>30<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** +14°00'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 160?  
**Spectral index:** 0.3?

**Size/arcmin:** 30  
**Type:** S?

**Radio:** In complex region, parameters uncertain.

**X-ray:** Elongated east–west.

**Distance:** HI absorption suggests 4.1 kpc.

**References:**

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4'$ ).  
Sato 1973, PASJ, 25, 135. HI absorption.  
Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz ( $5'$ ),  $S = 51.5 \pm 3.2$ , for the non-thermal component, but probably confused.  
Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz ( $2'.6$ ).  
Seward 1990, ApJS, 73, 781. IPC observations.  
Copetti & Schmidt 1991, MNRAS, 250, 127. CLFST at 151 MHz.  
Kassim 1992, AJ, 103, 943. VLA at 327 MHz ( $3'.1 \times 3'.5$ ).  
Subrahmanyam & Goss 1995, MNRAS, 275, 755. VLA at 330 MHz ( $1'.1$ ).  
Koo *et al.* 1995, ApJ, 447, 211. ROSAT observations.  
Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.

<b>G53.6 – 2.2</b>		3C400.2, NRAO 611
<b>RA:</b> 19 <sup>h</sup> 36 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 8	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 28 × 33
<b>Dec:</b> +17°08'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.75	<b>Type:</b> S
Has been called G53.7–2.2.		
<b>Radio:</b> Ring of emission, with extension to NW.		
<b>Optical:</b> Filaments and diffuse emission.		
<b>X-ray:</b> Centrally brightened, offset to NW.		
<b>Distance:</b> Mean optical velocity indicates 6.7 kpc.		
<b>References:</b>		
Willis 1973, A&A, 26, 237. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz ( $5' : S = 5.3 \pm 0.6$ ).		
van den Bergh 1978, ApJS, 38, 119. Optical.		
Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz ( $5' : S = 4.8 \pm 0.3$ ).		
Clark <i>et al.</i> 1975, AuJPA, 37, 75. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 11.7$ ).		
Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo $S(430) = 20 \pm 10$ , $S(318) = 20 \pm 3.6$ .		
Goss <i>et al.</i> 1975, A&A, 43, 459. WSRT at 610 MHz ( $1' \times 3' : S = 13.2 \pm 1.6$ ).		
Sabbadin & d'Odorico 1976, A&A, 49, 119. Optical spectra.		
Rosado 1983, RMxAA, 8, 59. Optical spectra.		
Blair & Long 1988, PASP, 100, 461. Optical imaging and spectroscopy.		
Long <i>et al.</i> 1991, ApJ, 373, 567. IPC and optical observations.		
Winkler <i>et al.</i> 1993, ApJ, 405, 608. Optical imaging.		
Dubner <i>et al.</i> 1994, AJ, 108, 207. VLA at 327 MHz (59'') and 1.49 GHz (52''), plus X-rays.		
Saken <i>et al.</i> 1995, ApJ, 443, 231. ROSAT observations.		

<b>G54.1 + 0.3</b>		(HC40)
<b>RA:</b> 19 <sup>h</sup> 28 <sup>m</sup> 28 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 0.5	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 1.5
<b>Dec:</b> +18°46'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.1	<b>Type:</b> F?
<b>Radio:</b> Filled-centre.		
<b>X-ray:</b> Detected.		
<b>References:</b>		
Green 1985, MNRAS, 216, 691. 5km at 2.7 GHz (7'' × 20'').		
Reich <i>et al.</i> 1985, A&A, 151, L10. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz ( $2'.4 : S = 0.37 \pm 0.04$ ).		
Velusamy & Becker 1988, AJ, 95, 1162. VLA at 1.4 (14'': $S = 0.48 \pm 0.03$ ), 1.6 (14'': $S = 0.42 \pm 0.03$ ) and 5 GHz (5'': $S = 0.33 \pm 0.02$ ), OSRT at 327 MHz ( $S = 0.50 \pm 0.08$ ), plus review of flux densities.		
Seward 1989, AJ, 97, 481. IPC observations		

<b>G54.4 – 0.3</b>		(HC40)
<b>RA:</b> 19 <sup>h</sup> 31 <sup>m</sup> 10 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 28	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 40
<b>Dec:</b> +18°50'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5	<b>Type:</b> S
Has been called G54.5–0.3.		
<b>Radio:</b> Shell, in complex region.		
<b>References:</b>		
Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz ( $5' : S = 34.4 \pm 5.0$ ).		
Altenhoff <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz ( $2'.6$ ).		
Caswell 1985, AJ, 90, 1224. DRAO at 1.4 GHz ( $1'.3 \times 2'.6 : S = 18 \pm 4$ ).		
Velusamy <i>et al.</i> 1986, JA&A, 7, 105. WSRT at 609 MHz (50'' × 191'' smoothed to 100'' × 200'').		
Junkes <i>et al.</i> 1992, A&AS, 91, 1. Surrounding CO.		
Junkes <i>et al.</i> 1992, A&A, 261, 289. Nearby IRAS sources.		

<b>G55.7 + 3.4</b>		(HC40)
<b>RA:</b> 19 <sup>h</sup> 19 <sup>m</sup> 10 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 1.4	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 23
<b>Dec:</b> +21°38'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.6	<b>Type:</b> S
<b>Radio:</b> Incomplete shell.		
<b>Point sources:</b> Old pulsar within the boundary of the remnant.		
<b>References:</b>		
Goss <i>et al.</i> 1977, A&A, 61, 93. WSRT observations at 610 MHz (57'' × 156'': $S = 1.9 \pm 0.2$ ) and 1415 MHz (27'' × 72'': $S = 1.0 \pm 0.1$ ).		

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<b>G57.2 + 0.8</b>		(4C21.53)
<b>RA:</b> 19 <sup>h</sup> 32 <sup>m</sup> 50 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 1.8?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 12?
<b>Dec:</b> +21°50'	<b>Spectral index:</b> ?	<b>Type:</b> S?
<b>Radio:</b> Extended non-thermal arc.		
<b>Point sources:</b> Near the millisecond pulsar, but not thought to be related.		
<b>References:</b> Sieber & Seiradakis 1984, A&A, 130, 257. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.4 GHz ( $8'.8 : 1.34 \pm 0.1$ ), 2.7 GHz ( $4'.3 : 0.86 \pm 0.1$ ), plus other surveys of the area. Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1985, AJ, 90, 488. DRAO at 1.4 GHz ( $1' \times 3'$ ).		

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<b>G59.5 + 0.1</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 19 <sup>h</sup> 40 <sup>m</sup> 25 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 3?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 5
<b>Dec:</b> +23°28'	<b>Spectral index:</b> ?	<b>Type:</b> S
<b>Radio:</b> Incomplete shell.		
<b>References:</b> Taylor <i>et al.</i> 1992, AJ, 103, 931. WSRT at 327 MHz ( $2'.5 \times 1'.0 : S = 5.1 \pm 0.2$ ), and northern sky survey at 4.9 GHz.		

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<b>G59.8 + 1.2</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 19 <sup>h</sup> 36 <sup>m</sup> 50 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 1.6	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 20 × 16?
<b>Dec:</b> +24°12'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5	<b>Type:</b> ?
Has been called G59.7+1.2.		
<b>Radio:</b> Poorly defined source.		
<b>References:</b> Reich <i>et al.</i> 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters. Reich <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.3$ ).		

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<b>G65.1 + 0.6</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 19 <sup>h</sup> 52 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 6	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 90 × 50
<b>Dec:</b> +28°25'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.6	<b>Type:</b> S
<b>Radio:</b> Large, faint shell.		
<b>References:</b> Landecker <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 232, 207. DRAO at 408 MHz ( $3'.5 \times 7'.0 : S = 9.5 \pm 0.1$ ), and 1.4 GHz ( $1'.0 \times 2'.0 : S = 5.4 \pm 1.0$ ).		

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<b>G65.3 + 5.7</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 19 <sup>h</sup> 31 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 52?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 310 × 240
<b>Dec:</b> +31°05'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.6?	<b>Type:</b> S?
Has been called G65.2+5.7.		
<b>Radio:</b> Large, faint ring? near S91 and S94.		
<b>Optical:</b> Strong in H $\alpha$ +[NII] and [OIII].		
<b>X-ray:</b> Detected.		
<b>Distance:</b> Mean optical velocity suggests 0.8 kpc.		
<b>References:</b> Gull <i>et al.</i> 1977, ApJ, 215, L69. Optical plates. Reich <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&A, 72, 270. Effelsberg 100-m observations at 1.42 GHz (smoothed to 11' : $S = 42.4 \pm 1.6$ ), estimate $S(408) = 91 \pm 5$ from previous sky survey. Lozinskaya 1981, SvAL, 7, 17. Mean optical velocity. Rosado 1981, ApJ, 250, 222. Optical interferometry. Fesen <i>et al.</i> 1983, ApJS, 51, 337. Deep [OIII] imagery. Fesen <i>et al.</i> 1985, ApJ, 292, 29. Optical spectra. Seward 1990, ApJS, 73, 781. IPC observations.		

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<b>G65.7 + 1.2</b>			DA 495
<b>RA:</b> 19 <sup>h</sup> 50 <sup>m</sup> 10 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 5.1	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 18	
<b>Dec:</b> +29°18'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.6	<b>Type:</b> ?	
Has mistakenly been called G55.7+1.2.			
<b>Radio:</b> Filled-centre or thick shell?			
<b>References:</b>			
Willis 1973, A&A, 26, 237. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz ( $5' : S = 2.8 \pm 0.4$ ), and VRO 37-m at 1.7 GHz ( $S = 4.4 \pm 0.5$ ), plus review of flux densities.			
Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo $S(430) = 8.7 \pm 4.9$ , $S(318) = 9.7 \pm 2.2$ .			
Landecker & Caswell 1983, AJ, 88, 1810. DRAO at 1.4 GHz ( $0'.9 \times 1'.5 : S = 4.4 \pm 0.2$ ).			
Velusamy <i>et al.</i> 1989, JA&A, 10, 161. OSRT at 327 MHz ( $36'' \times 64''$ ), WSRT at 610 MHz ( $62''$ ) and VLA at 1.4 GHz ( $36''$ and $12''$ ), including IRAS imaging.			
<b>G67.7 + 1.8</b>			
<b>RA:</b> 19 <sup>h</sup> 52 <sup>m</sup> 34 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 1.4	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 9	
<b>Dec:</b> +31°21'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.3	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Double arc shell.			
<b>References:</b>			
Taylor <i>et al.</i> 1992, AJ, 103, 931. WSRT at 327 MHz ( $1'.9 \times 1'.0 : S = 1.9 \pm 0.1$ ), and northern sky survey at 4.9 GHz ( $S = 0.42 \pm 0.05$ ).			
<b>G68.6 - 1.2</b>			
<b>RA:</b> 20 <sup>h</sup> 06 <sup>m</sup> 40 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 0.7?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 28 × 25?	
<b>Dec:</b> +30°28'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.0?	<b>Type:</b> ?	
<b>Radio:</b> Faint, poorly defined source.			
<b>References:</b>			
Reich <i>et al.</i> 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters.			
Reich <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.3$ ).			
<b>G69.0 + 2.7</b>			CTB 80
<b>RA:</b> 19 <sup>h</sup> 51 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 120?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 80?	
<b>Dec:</b> +32°45'	<b>Spectral index:</b> varies	<b>Type:</b> ?	
An association with a SN in AD1408 has been suggested. Has been called G68.8+2.8. Is it a SNR?			
<b>Radio:</b> Compact core, flat spectrum plateau, and steeper spectrum extensions, with spectral break?			
<b>Optical:</b> Expanding nebulosity near centre, with filaments to the SW and far NE.			
<b>X-ray:</b> Diffuse emission with compact source.			
<b>Point sources:</b> Pulsar at western edge of core.			
<b>References:</b>			
Angerhofer <i>et al.</i> 1981, A&A, 94, 313. WSRT at 610 MHz ( $56'' \times 103''$ ) 1.4 GHz ( $24'' \times 44''$ ) and 5 GHz ( $7'' \times 13''$ ), plus optical.			
Becker <i>et al.</i> 1982, ApJ, 255, 557. X-ray observations.			
Sofue <i>et al.</i> 1983, PASJ, 35, 437. NRO 45-m at 10.2 GHz ( $2'.7$ ).			
Velusamy & Kundu 1983, JA&A, 3, 253. VLA of compact sources.			
Blair <i>et al.</i> 1984, ApJ, 282, 161. Optical images and spectra.			
Wang & Seward 1984, ApJ, 285, 607. IPC observations.			
Strom <i>et al.</i> 1984, A&A, 139, 43. Radio observations of flat spectrum component, VLA 5 GHz ( $1''.7$ ) and 1.4 GHz.			
Mantovani <i>et al.</i> 1985, A&A, 145, 50. Bologna at 408 MHz ( $2'.6 \times 4'.9 : S = 67.5 \pm 10.5$ ), Effelsberg 100-m at 1.41 ( $9' : S = 62 \pm 9$ ), 1.72 ( $7'.6 : S = 66 \pm 5$ ), 2.7 ( $4'.5 : S = 52 \pm 4$ ) and 4.75 GHz ( $2'.4 : S = 44 \pm 3.3$ ), plus review of flux densities.			
Kulkarni <i>et al.</i> 1988, Nat, 331, 50. Pulsar detection.			
Angelini <i>et al.</i> 1988, ApJ, 330, L43. EXOSAT spectra.			
Fesen <i>et al.</i> 1988, Nat, 334, 229. IRAS of surrounding shell.			
Whitehead <i>et al.</i> 1989, MNRAS, 237, 1109. Optical of core.			
Salter <i>et al.</i> 1989, ApJ, 338, 171. NRAO 12-m at 84.2 GHz of core, plus review of flux densities.			
Hester & Kulkarni 1989, ApJ, 340, 362. Optical imaging and spectroscopy.			
Koo <i>et al.</i> 1990, ApJ, 364, 178. Large, expanding HI shell.			
Greidanus & Strom 1990, A&A, 240, 376. Optical kinematics of core.			
Koo <i>et al.</i> 1993, ApJ, 417, 196. VLA at 1.4 GHz of surrounding HI ( $1'$ ), plus IRAS.			
Safi-Harb <i>et al.</i> 1995, ApJ, 439, 722. ROSAT observations.			

**G69.7 + 1.0**

**RA:** 20<sup>h</sup>00<sup>m</sup>45<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** +32°35'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 1.6  
**Spectral index:** 0.8

**Size/arcmin:** 16  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Poorly resolved source.

**References:**

Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters.  
 Reich *et al.* 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.3).

**G73.9 + 0.9**

**RA:** 20<sup>h</sup>12<sup>m</sup>20<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** +36°03'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 9?  
**Spectral index:** 0.3?

**Size/arcmin:** 22?  
**Type:** S?

**Radio:** Incomplete, clumpy shell.

**Optical:** Weak shell.

**References:**

Reich *et al.* 1986, A&A, 155, 185. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (2'.4 :  $S = 6.7 \pm 0.5$ ), plus other flux densities.  
 Chastenay & Pineault 1988, in SNRISM, p297. DRAO at 408 MHz (3'.5 × 5'.9) and 1.4 GHz (1'.0 × 1'.7).  
 Pineault & Chastenay 1990, MNRAS, 246, 169. DRAO at 408 MHz (3'.4 × 5'.8 :  $S = 12.7 \pm 1.2$ ) and 1.4 GHz (1'.0 × 1'.7 :  $S = 7.4 \pm 1.0$ ).  
 Lozinskaya *et al.* 1993, AZh, 70, 469. (See also AR, 37, 240.) Optical observations.

**G74.0 – 8.5**

**RA:** 20<sup>h</sup>49<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** +30°30'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 210  
**Spectral index:** varies

Cygnus Loop  
**Size/arcmin:** 230 × 160  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Shell, brightest to the NE, with fainter breakout region to S, with spectral variations.

**Optical:** Large filamentary loop, brightest to the NE, not well defined to the S or W.

**X-ray:** Shell in soft X-rays.

**Point sources:** Several compact radio sources within the boundary of the remnant, including CL4.

**References:**

Keen *et al.* 1973, A&A, 28, 197. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.8), NE at 10.7 GHz (1'.25).  
 Dickel & Willis 1980, A&A, 85, 55. WSRT at 610 MHz (56'' × 107'') of NE area (NGC6992) only.  
 Seaquist & Gilmore 1982, AJ, 87, 378. VLA observations of CL4.  
 Fesen *et al.* 1982, ApJ, 262, 171. Optical spectroscopy.  
 Hester *et al.* 1983, ApJ, 273, 219. Optical imagery.  
 Ku *et al.* 1984, ApJ, 278, 615. IPC and HRI X-ray observations.  
 Green 1984, MNRAS, 211, 433. Most of remnant at 408 MHz (80'' × 160'') with OMT.  
 Charles *et al.* 1985, ApJ, 295, 456. IPC observations.  
 Braun & Strom 1986, A&A, 164, 208. IRAS observations.  
 Straka *et al.* 1986, ApJ, 306, 266. Radio and optical comparison of NE. VLA at 1.6 GHz (4''.7) plus optical.  
 Raymond *et al.* 1988, ApJ, 324, 869. Detailed optical study of filaments.  
 Ballet *et al.* 1989, A&A, 211, 217. [FeX] and [FeXIV] spectroscopy.  
 Ballet & Rothenflug 1989, A&A, 218, 277. EXOSAT observations.  
 Green 1990, AJ, 100, 1927. DRAO at 408 MHz (3'.3 × 6'.7) for spectral index study, plus X-ray and optical.  
 Graham *et al.* 1991, AJ, 101, 175. Shocked molecular H outside rim in NE.  
 Shull & Clarke 1991, PASP, 103, 811. Optical spectroscopy of nearside filaments.  
 Blair *et al.* 1991, ApJ, 374, 202. Far UV mapping.  
 Blair *et al.* 1991, ApJ, 379, L33. UV spectroscopy.  
 Greidanus & Strom 1992, A&A, 257, 265. Optical kinematics.  
 Shull & Hippelien 1992, ApJ, 383, 714. Optical kinematics and proper motion.  
 Fesen *et al.* 1992, AJ, 104, 719. Hα imagery.  
 Cornett *et al.* 1992, ApJ, 395, L9. UV imagery.  
 Long *et al.* 1992, ApJ, 400, 214. Optical of Balmer dominated filament.  
 Arendt *et al.* 1992, ApJ, 400, 562. IRAS observations.  
 Vancura *et al.* 1993, ApJ, 417, 663. Far UV observations.  
 Hester *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 420, 721. Hα, [OIII] and other optical observations of Balmer dominated filaments in NE.  
 Miyata *et al.* 1994, PASJ, 46, L101. X-ray observations of NE.  
 Graham *et al.* 1995, ApJ, 444, 787. X-ray and optical studies of interaction with surroundings.  
 Sauvageot & Decourchelle 1995, A&A, 296, 201. [FeX] and [FeXIV] observations.

<b>G74.9 + 1.2</b>		CTB 87
<b>RA:</b> 20 <sup>h</sup> 14 <sup>m</sup> 10 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 9	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 8 × 6
<b>Dec:</b> +37°03'	<b>Spectral index:</b> varies	<b>Type:</b> F
<b>Radio:</b> Filled-centre, with high polarization and high frequency turnover.		
<b>X-ray:</b> Centrally brightened.		
<b>Distance:</b> HI absorption indicates 12 kpc.		
<b>Point sources:</b> Extragalactic compact source is nearby.		
<b>References:</b>		
Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo $S(430) = 12.2 \pm 9.7$ , $S(318) = 17.7 \pm 5.0$ .		
Weiler & Shaver 1978, A&A, 70, 389. WSRT at 610 MHz ( $57'' \times 94''$ : $S = 9.1 \pm 1.2$ ), 1.4 ( $24'' \times 40''$ : $S = 8.7 \pm 1.2$ ) and 5 GHz ( $24'' \times 40''$ : $S = 5.6 \pm 1.3$ ).		
Geldzahler <i>et al.</i> 1980, A&A, 84, 237. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.4$ : $S = 7.6 \pm 0.5$ ).		
Wilson 1980, ApJ, 241, L19. IPC observations.		
van Gorkom <i>et al.</i> 1982, MNRAS, 198, 757. WSRT HI absorption of nearby compact source.		
Sequist & Gilmore 1982, AJ, 87, 378. VLA observations of nearby source.		
Morsi & Reich 1987, A&AS, 69, 533. Effelsberg 100-m at 32 GHz (smoothed to $40''$ : $S = 1.47 \pm 0.19$ ).		
Green & Gull 1989, MNRAS, 237, 555. VLA at 1.4 GHz ( $1''.2 \times 1''.4$ ) including HI.		
Salter <i>et al.</i> 1989, ApJ, 338, 171. NRAO 12-m at 84.2 GHz, plus review of flux densities.		
Pineault & Chastenay 1990, MNRAS, 246, 169. DRAO at 408 MHz ( $3''.4 \times 5''.8$ : $S = 11.6 \pm 0.4$ ) and 1.4 GHz ( $1''.0 \times 1''.7$ : $S = 7.2 \pm 0.3$ ).		
Asaoka & Koyama 1990, PASJ, 42, 625. Ginga X-ray spectrum.		
Wendker <i>et al.</i> 1991, A&A, 241, 551. DRAO at 408 MHz ( $3''.5 \times 5''.2$ : $S = 13.3 \pm 0.8$ ) and Effelsberg 100-m at 4.8 GHz ( $S = 7.5 \pm 0.7$ ).		
Wallace <i>et al.</i> 1994, A&A, 286, 565. HI of surroundings.		
Cho <i>et al.</i> 1994, AJ, 108, 634. CO of adjacent molecular clouds.		

<b>G76.9 + 1.0</b>		DR4, $\gamma$ Cygni
<b>RA:</b> 20 <sup>h</sup> 20 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 2?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 9 × 12
<b>Dec:</b> +38°33'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.6?	<b>Type:</b> ?
<b>Radio:</b> Diffuse, non-thermal.		
<b>References:</b>		
Landecker <i>et al.</i> 1993, A&A, 276, 522. VLA at 1.49 GHz ( $14''$ ), 4.86 GHz ( $13'' \times 16''$ ) and 8.55 GHz ( $11'' \times 12''$ ), including polarization and review of flux densities.		

<b>G78.2 + 2.1</b>		DR4, $\gamma$ Cygni
<b>RA:</b> 20 <sup>h</sup> 19 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 340	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 60
<b>Dec:</b> +40°15'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5	<b>Type:</b> S
Has been called G78.1+1.8.		
<b>Radio:</b> In complex region (early catalogues refer to other proposed remnants in this region).		
<b>Optical:</b> Faint filaments, spectra indicate a SNR superposed on a HII region.		
<b>X-ray:</b> Weak emission from the SE of the remnant.		
<b>References:</b>		
Higgs <i>et al.</i> 1977, AJ, 82, 718. DRAO at 1.4 GHz ( $2' \times 3'$ : $S = 270 \pm 40$ ) plus some 10 GHz ( $4'$ ) survey data, reveals true extent of remnant.		
d'Odorico & Sabbadin 1977, A&AS, 28, 439. Optical spectra.		
van den Bergh 1978, ApJS, 38, 119. Optical.		
Landecker <i>et al.</i> 1980, A&AS, 39, 133. DRAO HI observations ( $2' \times 3''.1$ ).		
Higgs <i>et al.</i> 1983, in IAU101, p281. IPC observations.		
Higgs <i>et al.</i> 1983, AJ, 88, 97. CO of surroundings.		
Bohigas <i>et al.</i> 1983, RMxAA, 8, 155. Optical spectra, find thermal only.		
Braun & Strom 1986, A&AS, 63, 345. WSRT HI observations.		
Fukui & Tatematsu 1988, in SNRISM, p261. CO observations of the vicinity ( $2''.7$ ).		
Green 1989, MNRAS, 238, 737. OH observations.		
Pineault & Chastenay 1990, MNRAS, 246, 169. DRAO at 408 MHz ( $3''.4 \times 5''.8$ : $S = 480 \pm 60$ ) and 1.4 GHz ( $1''.0 \times 1''.7$ : $S = 270 \pm 40$ ).		
Wendker <i>et al.</i> 1991, A&A, 241, 551. DRAO at 408 MHz ( $3''.5 \times 5''.2$ : $S = 540 \pm 40$ ) and Effelsberg 100-m at 4.8 GHz ( $S = 150 \pm 15$ ).		
Esposito <i>et al.</i> 1996, ApJ, 461, 820. Associated gamma-ray emission.		

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<b>G82.2 + 5.3</b>			W63
<b>R.A:</b> 20 <sup>h</sup> 17 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 120?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 95 × 65	
<b>Dec:</b> +45°20'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5?	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Shell in the Cygnus X complex.			
<b>Optical:</b> In complex region, but spectra indicate SNR filaments.			
<b>X-ray:</b> Detected.			
<b>References:</b>			
Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5' : $S = 59.0 \pm 3.5$ ). Sabbadin 1976, A&A, 51, 159. Optical spectra. Angerhofer <i>et al.</i> 1977, A&A, 55, 11. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz (6'.8). Incomplete mapping. Rosado & González 1981, RMxA, 5, 93. Optical spectra. Seward 1990, ApJS, 73, 781. IPC observations. Higgs <i>et al.</i> 1991, JRASC, 85, 24. DRAO at 408 MHz (3'.4 × 5'.0 : $S = 165 \pm 21$ ), plus review of flux densities.			

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<b>G84.2 – 0.8</b>			
<b>R.A:</b> 20 <sup>h</sup> 51 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 11	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 20 × 16	
<b>Dec:</b> +43°16'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Elongated shell, with a filament aligned with the major axis.			
<b>References:</b>			
Matthews <i>et al.</i> 1977, A&A, 55, 1. WSRT at 610 MHz (56'' × 81'' : $S = 12.4 \pm 1.5$ ) and Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.4 : $S = 6.8 \pm 1.3$ ). Matthews & Shaver 1980, A&A, 87, 255. WSRT at 1415 MHz (23'' × 32''), and Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.4 : $S = 5.6 \pm 0.5$ ). Feldt & Green 1993, A&A, 274, 421. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (1' × 1'.5), including HI, plus CO observations.			

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<b>G84.9 + 0.5</b>			
<b>R.A:</b> 20 <sup>h</sup> 48 <sup>m</sup> 45 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 0.8	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 6	
<b>Dec:</b> +44°42'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.4	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Incomplete shell.			
<b>References:</b>			
Taylor <i>et al.</i> 1992, AJ, 103, 931. WSRT at 327 MHz (1'.4 × 1'.0 : $S = 1.2 \pm 0.1$ ), and northern sky survey at 4.9 GHz ( $S = 0.40 \pm 0.01$ ).			

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<b>G89.0 + 4.7</b>			HB21
<b>R.A:</b> 20 <sup>h</sup> 43 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 220	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 120 × 90	
<b>Dec:</b> +50°25'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.40	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Distorted shell (4C50.52, an extragalactic double, is within the boundary of the remnant).			
<b>Optical:</b> Filaments possibly associated.			
<b>X-ray:</b> Detected from incomplete mapping.			
<b>References:</b>			
Hirabayashi & Takahashi 1972, PASJ, 24, 231. 30-m dish at 4.2 GHz (11' : $S = 160 \pm 40$ ). Willis 1973, A&A, 26, 237. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5' : $S = 148 \pm 16$ ), plus optical filaments. Hill 1974, MNRAS, 169, 59. HMT at 1.4 GHz (3' × 3'.9). Haslam <i>et al.</i> 1975, A&A, 39, 453. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.4). Reich <i>et al.</i> 1983, in IAU101, p377. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (2'.5). Leahy 1987, MNRAS, 228, 907. IPC observations. Fukui & Tatematsu 1988, in SNRISM, p261. CO observations of the vicinity (2'.7). Tatematsu <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 237, 189. DRAO at 408 MHz (3'.5 × 4'.5) and 1.4 GHz (1'.0 × 1'.3), including HI, plus CO observations of adjacent molecular cloud.			

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<b>G93.3 + 6.9</b>		DA 530, 4C(T)55.38.1
<b>RA:</b> 20 <sup>h</sup> 51 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 9	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 27 × 20
<b>Dec:</b> +55° 10'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.54	<b>Type:</b> S
Has been called G93.2+6.7.		
<b>Radio:</b> Shell, with two bright limbs, highly polarized.		
<b>References:</b> Roger & Costain 1976, A&A, 51, 151. DRAO at 1.42 GHz ( $2' \times 2'.4 : S = 6.9$ ). Haslam <i>et al.</i> 1980, A&A, 92, 57. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.72 GHz ( $7'.6 : S = 6.47 \pm 0.52$ ) and 2.7 GHz ( $4'.4 : S = 5.64 \pm 0.64$ ), plus review of flux densities. Lalitha <i>et al.</i> 1984, A&A, 131, 196. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (smoothed to $3' : S = 4.01 \pm 0.57$ ).		
<b>G93.7 – 0.2</b>		CTB 104A, DA 551
<b>RA:</b> 21 <sup>h</sup> 27 <sup>m</sup> 45 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 65	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 80
<b>Dec:</b> +50° 35'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.3	<b>Type:</b> S
Has been called G93.6–0.2 and G93.7–0.3.		
<b>Radio:</b> Faint shell with possible a steep spectrum core.		
<b>References:</b> Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz ( $5' : S = 18.4 \pm 1.0$ ). Mantovani <i>et al.</i> 1982, A&A, 105, 176. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.7 GHz ( $7'.6 : S = 53.5 \pm 5.0$ ), plus review of flux densities. Landecker <i>et al.</i> 1985, AJ, 90, 1082. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (smoothed to $2' : S = 58 \pm 6$ ). Mantovani <i>et al.</i> 1991, A&A, 247, 545. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz (smoothed to $3' : S = 33.5 \pm 4.0$ ), including polarization, plus review of flux densities.		
<b>G94.0 + 1.0</b>		3C434.1
<b>RA:</b> 21 <sup>h</sup> 23 <sup>m</sup> 10 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 15	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 30 × 25
<b>Dec:</b> +51° 40'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.44	<b>Type:</b> S
<b>Radio:</b> Incomplete shell, in complex region.		
<b>References:</b> Willis 1973, A&A, 26, 237. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz ( $5' : S = 6.1 \pm 0.8$ ), and VRO 37-m at 1.7 GHz ( $S = 11 \pm 3$ ). Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz ( $5' : S = 5.8 \pm 0.4$ ). Also NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz ( $6'$ ). Mantovani <i>et al.</i> 1982, A&A, 105, 176. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.7 GHz ( $7'.6 : S = 12.0 \pm 1.3$ ), plus review of flux densities. Goss <i>et al.</i> 1984, A&A, 138, 469. WSRT at 610 MHz (smoothed to $100'' : S = 16 \pm 1.7$ ) and Effelsberg 100-m at 4.75 GHz ( $2'.4 : S = 7.2 \pm 0.5$ ). Landecker <i>et al.</i> 1985, AJ, 90, 1082. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (smoothed to $2' : S = 16 \pm 3$ ).		
<b>G109.1 – 1.0</b>		CTB 109
<b>RA:</b> 22 <sup>h</sup> 59 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 20	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 28
<b>Dec:</b> +58° 37'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.50	<b>Type:</b> S
<b>Radio:</b> Semicircular shell, with the Molecular cloud S152 is to the immediate W.		
<b>X-ray:</b> Incomplete shell.		
<b>Point sources:</b> Pulsar at W edge.		
<b>References:</b> Hughes <i>et al.</i> 1981, ApJ, 246, L127. WSRT at 610 MHz ( $1' : S = 40 \pm 5$ ) shows bad CLEAN artefacts. Blair & Kirshner 1981, Nat, 291, 132. Optical spectra. Downes 1983, MNRAS, 203, 695. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.4 : S = 13.0 \pm 1.5$ ). Gregory <i>et al.</i> 1983, in IAU101, p429. VLA at 1.4 GHz ( $1'$ ), NRAO 300-ft at 5 GHz ( $3'$ ) and IPC observations. Sofue <i>et al.</i> 1983, PASJ, 35, 447. NRO 45-m at 10.2 GHz ( $2'.7$ ). Hughes <i>et al.</i> 1984, ApJ, 283, 147. WSRT at 610 MHz ( $20'' : S = 26 \pm 3$ ) 1.4 GHz ( $10''$ ), DRAO at 1.4 GHz ( $1' \times 1'.2 : S = 16.8 \pm 2$ ) and Algonquin 46-m at 6.5 GHz ( $4'.5 : S = 6.7 \pm 1$ ). Braun & Strom 1986, A&AS, 63, 345. WSRT HI observations. Tatematsu <i>et al.</i> 1987, PASJ, 39, 755. NRO 45-m at 10 GHz ( $2'.7$ ), plus polarization. Tatematsu <i>et al.</i> 1987, A&A, 184, 279. CO observations of the surroundings ( $2'.7$ ). Hanson <i>et al.</i> 1988, A&A, 195, 114. EXOSAT of pulsar. Morini <i>et al.</i> 1988, ApJ, 333, 777. EXOSAT observations. Koyama <i>et al.</i> 1989, PASJ, 41, 461. X-ray observations of pulsar. Coe <i>et al.</i> 1989, MNRAS, 238, 649. IRAS observations of surroundings. Green 1989, MNRAS, 238, 737. OH observations. Tatematsu <i>et al.</i> 1990, ApJ, 351, 157. CO of surroundings, plus X-ray observations. Davies & Coe 1991, MNRAS, 249, 313. Optical and IR observations near pulsar. Hurford & Fesen 1995, MNRAS, 277, 549. ROSAT imaging.		

<b>G111.7 – 2.1</b>		Cassiopeia A, 3C461
<b>RA:</b> 23 <sup>h</sup> 21 <sup>m</sup> 10 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 2720	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 5
<b>Dec:</b> +58°32'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.77	<b>Type:</b> S
Presumably the remnant of a late 17th century SN.		
<b>Radio:</b>	Bright shell with compact knots and extended plateau of emission.	
<b>Optical:</b>	Fast knots and quasi-stationary flocculli, with many filaments at large radii.	
<b>X-ray:</b>	Incomplete shell.	
<b>Distance:</b>	Optical expansion, plus proper motions indicate 2.8 kpc.	
<b>References:</b>		
Bell <i>et al.</i> 1975, Nat, 257, 463. 5km at 5 GHz ( $2'' \times 2''.3$ ).		
Green <i>et al.</i> 1975, A&A, 44, 187. Effelsberg 100-m at 15.0 GHz ( $58'' : S = 419.1 \pm 1.7$ ).		
Fabian <i>et al.</i> 1980, MNRAS, 193, 175. HRI observations.		
Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1982, ApJ, 257, 145. Comparison of X-ray, Radio and HRI.		
Kamper & van den Berg 1983, in IAU101, p55. Optical expansion.		
Markert <i>et al.</i> 1983, ApJ, 268, 778. X-ray asymmetry.		
Tuffs 1986, MNRAS, 219, 13. Proper motions from 5km maps at 5 GHz ( $2'' \times 2''.3$ ) between 1974 and 1978.		
Mezger <i>et al.</i> 1986, A&A, 167, 145. 247-GHz map ( $70''$ ).		
Tsunemi <i>et al.</i> 1986, ApJ, 306, 248. X-ray spectrum.		
Fesen <i>et al.</i> 1987, ApJ, 313, 378. Optical, of fast moving flocculli.		
Fesen <i>et al.</i> 1988, ApJ, 329, L89. Optical, flocculli, and “flare”.		
Jansen <i>et al.</i> 1988, ApJ, 331, 949. EXOSAT observations.		
Woan & Duffett-Smith 1990, MNRAS, 243, 87. Structure at 81.5 MHz.		
Fesen 1990, AJ, 99, 1904. [NeIII] optical imagery.		
Rees 1990, MNRAS, 243, 637. Flux density decrease at 38 MHz.		
Greidanus & Strom 1991, A&A, 249, 521. 20 $\mu$ m observations of part of shell.		
Anderson <i>et al.</i> 1991, ApJ, 373, 146. VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz ( $1''.3$ ) for spectral variations.		
Hook <i>et al.</i> 1992, A&A, 255, 285. Flux density decrease at 81.5 MHz.		
Wilson <i>et al.</i> 1993, A&A, 280, 221. Molecular emission towards remnant.		
Holt <i>et al.</i> 1994, PASJ, 46, L151. X-ray spectral mapping.		
Woan & Duffett-Smith 1993, MNRAS, 260, 693. Deep pulsar search.		
Guame <i>et al.</i> 1994, ApJ, 425, 127. NH <sub>3</sub> absorption and CO observations.		
Iyudin <i>et al.</i> 1994, A&A, 284, L1. Gamma ray line observations.		
Reed <i>et al.</i> 1995, ApJ, 440, 706. Optical spectra, for 3-d structure.		
Anderson <i>et al.</i> 1995, ApJ, 441, 300. VLA at 1.4 GHz and 4.8 GHz (both $1''.3$ ), for polarization studies.		
Anderson & Rudnick 1995, ApJ, 441, 307. VLA at 1.4 GHz and 4.8 GHz, for proper motion studies.		
The <i>et al.</i> 1995, ApJ, 444, 244. Gamma ray observations.		
Predehl & Schmitt 1995, A&A, 293, 889. ROSAT of dust scattered halo.		
Liszt & Lucas 1995, A&A, 294, 811. NRAO 12-m observations of molecular emission and absorption.		
Lawrence <i>et al.</i> 1995, AJ, 109, 2635. Optical imaging spectroscopy.		
Kassim <i>et al.</i> 1995, ApJ, 455, L59. VLA at 74 ( $25''$ ) and 332 MHz ( $6''$ ), including spectral index comparisons.		
Anderson & Rudnick 1996, ApJ, 456, 234. VLA for spectral index comparisons.		
Agafanov 1996, A&A, 306, 578. Flux density decrease at 102 MHz.		

<b>G112.0 + 1.2</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 23 <sup>h</sup> 13 <sup>m</sup> 40 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 7?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 30?
<b>Dec:</b> +61°30'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.6?	<b>Type:</b> S?

**Radio:** Non-thermal source hinted by Bologna survey.

**References:**

Bonsignori-Facondi & Tomasi 1979, A&A, 77, 93. Bologna at 408 MHz ( $4'.2 \times 110' : S = 11 \pm 30\%$ ).

<b>G114.3 + 0.3</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 23 <sup>h</sup> 34 <sup>m</sup> 45 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 6?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 90 × 55
<b>Dec:</b> +61°38'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.3?	<b>Type:</b> S

**Radio:** Shell, with HII region S165 within the boundary of the remnant.

**Distance:** Possible association with HI features suggests 3.0–3.8 kpc.

**Point sources:** Pulsar near centre of remnant.

**References:**

Reich & Braunsfurth 1981, A&A, 99, 17. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.4 : S = 3.6$ ) and  $S(1.4) = 4.4$  from 1.4 GHz survey data, plus HI from Maryland-Green Bank survey.

Kulkarni *et al.* 1993, Nat, 362, 135. Pulsar association.

Fürst *et al.* 1993, A&A, 276, 470. Pulsar association.

Becker *et al.* 1996, A&A, 306, 464. ROSAT of pulsar.

**G116.5 + 1.1**

**RA:**  $23^{\text{h}}51^{\text{m}}20^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $+62^{\circ}58'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 11?  
**Spectral index:** 0.8?

**Size/arcmin:**  $80 \times 60$   
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Distinct shell, with high polarization.

**Distance:** Possible association with HI features suggests 3.6–5.2 kpc.

**References:**

Reich & Braunsfurth 1981, A&A, 99, 17. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.4 : S = 4.7 \pm 0.4$ ) and  $S(1.4) = 8.0 \pm 0.8$  from 1.4 GHz survey data, plus HI from Maryland-Green Bank survey.

**G116.9 + 0.2**

**RA:**  $23^{\text{h}}56^{\text{m}}40^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $+62^{\circ}10'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 9?  
**Spectral index:** 0.5?

**CTB 1**  
**Size/arcmin:** 34  
**Type:** S

Has been called G117.3+0.1 and G116.9+0.1.

**Radio:** Incomplete shell.

**Optical:** Filaments on sky survey.

**Point sources:** Pulsar nearby.

**Distance:** Possible association with HI features suggests 2.8–4.0 kpc, mean optical velocity suggests 2.7 kpc.

**References:**

Willis 1973, A&A, 26, 237. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz ( $5' : S = 3.9 \pm 1.0$ ), and VRO 37-m at 1.7 GHz ( $S = 5.5 \pm 2.0$ ), plus review of flux densities.

van den Bergh *et al.* 1973, ApJS, 26, 19. Optical.

Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz ( $5' : S = 4.2 \pm 0.2$ ).

Angerhofer *et al.* 1977, A&A, 55, 11. NRAO 140-ft at 5 GHz ( $6'.8 : S = 3.0 \pm 0.3$ ).

Dickel & Willis 1980, A&A, 85, 55. WSRT at 610 MHz ( $56'' \times 64''$ ) and 1.4 GHz ( $22'' \times 25''$ ).

Reich & Braunsfurth 1981, A&A, 99, 17. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.4 : S = 4.8 \pm 0.4$ ) and  $S(1.4) = 7.8 \pm 0.8$  from 1.4 GHz survey data, plus HI from Maryland-Green Bank survey.

Lozinskaya 1981, SvAL, 7, 17. Mean optical velocity.

Landecker *et al.* 1982, AJ, 87, 1379. DRAO at 1.42 GHz and HI ( $2' \times 2'.3 : S = 8.3 \pm 0.5$ ), plus review of flux densities.

Fesen *et al.* 1985, ApJ, 292, 29. Optical spectra.

Hailey & Craig 1994, ApJ, 434, 635. Optical spectroscopy.

Hailey & Craig 1995, ApJ, 455, L151. ROSAT of nearby pulsar.

**G117.4 + 5.0**

**RA:**  $23^{\text{h}}52^{\text{m}}30^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $+67^{\circ}30'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 30?  
**Spectral index:** 0.5?

**Size/arcmin:**  $60 \times 80$ ?  
**Type:** S?

**Radio:** Non-thermal source hinted by Bologna survey.

**References:**

Bonsignori-Facondi & Tomasi 1979, A&A, 77, 93. Bologna at 408 MHz ( $4'.2 \times 110' : S = 45 \pm 30\%$ ).

**G119.5 + 10.2**

**RA:**  $00^{\text{h}}04^{\text{m}}00^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $+72^{\circ}30'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 36  
**Spectral index:** 0.3

**CTA 1**  
**Size/arcmin:** 90?  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Incomplete shell, poorly defined in north.

**Optical:** Faint diffuse nebulosities.

**X-ray:** Centrally brightend.

**References:**

Sieber *et al.* 1979, A&A, 74, 361. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.4 : S = 23.6 \pm 2.8$ ).

Sieber *et al.* 1981, A&A, 103, 393. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz and 1.7 GHz ( $7'.6 : S = 31.6 \pm 2.5$ ), and 6C at 151 MHz ( $4' : S = 62.6 \pm 6$ ).

Fesen *et al.* 1981, ApJ, 247, 148. Optical, including spectra.

Fesen *et al.* 1983, ApJS, 51, 337. Deep [OIII] imagery.

Seward 1990, ApJS, 73, 781. IPC observations.

Simonetti 1992, ApJ, 386, 170. VLA observations of background sources for rotation measure studies.

Pineault *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 1060. DRAO at 1.4 GHz ( $1' : S = 34 \pm 4$ ), plus HI and IRAS.

Seward *et al.* 1995, ApJ, 453, 284. ROSAT observations.

<b>G120.1 + 1.4</b>		Tycho, 3C10, SN1572
<b>RA:</b> 00 <sup>h</sup> 22 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 56	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 8
<b>Dec:</b> +63°52'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.61	<b>Type:</b> S
This is the remnant of the Tycho's SN of AD1572.		
<b>Radio:</b> Shell, brightest to the NE.		
<b>Optical:</b> Faint filaments/knots to the NNW, NE and E.		
<b>X-ray:</b> Shell, coincident with the radio shell, brighter to the NE.		
<b>Point sources:</b> Faint radio source near centre of the remnant, thought to be extragalactic.		
<b>Distance:</b> HI absorption gives 4–5 kpc, optical proper motion and modelled shock velocity gives 2.3 kpc.		
<b>References:</b>		
Duin & Strom 1975, A&A, 39, 33. WSRT at 610 MHz ( $57'' \times 64''$ ) and 5 GHz ( $7'' \times 8''$ ).		
Klein <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&A, 76, 120. Effelsberg 100-m at 10.7 GHz ( $1''.2 : S = 13.1 \pm 0.8$ ), plus review of flux densities.		
Strom <i>et al.</i> 1982, MNRAS, 200, 473. WSRT at 1415 MHz ( $27'' \times 31''$ ) from 1971 and 1979, for expansion.		
Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1982, ApJ, 257, 145. Comparison of Radio, X-ray and Optical.		
Reid <i>et al.</i> 1982, ApJ, 261, 485. IPC observations.		
Seward <i>et al.</i> 1983, ApJ, 266, 287. HRI observations.		
Tan & Gull 1985, MNRAS, 216, 949. 5km at 2.7 GHz ( $4''$ ) from 1980 and 1983, and OMT at 1.4 GHz ( $23''$ ) from 1965 and 1980, for expansion.		
Albinson <i>et al.</i> 1986, MNRAS, 219, 427. HI observations.		
Green & Gull 1987, MNRAS, 224, 1055. VLA HI absorption observations towards central radio source.		
Smith <i>et al.</i> 1988, ApJ, 325, 288. EXOSAT spectrum and image (smoothed to $13''$ ).		
Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1991, AJ, 101, 2151. VLA at 1.4 and 5 GHz ( $1''.5$ ).		
Wood <i>et al.</i> 1992, AJ, 103, 1338. VLA at 5 GHz ( $1''.5$ ) polarization studies.		
Fink <i>et al.</i> 1994, A&A, 283, 635. X-ray spectra.		
Vancura <i>et al.</i> 1995, ApJ, 441, 680. X-ray spectra and ROSAT image.		
Predehl & Schmitt 1995, A&A, 293, 889. ROSAT of dust scattered halo.		
Schwarz <i>et al.</i> 1995, A&A, 299, 193. WSRT and Effelsberg 100-m at 1.4 GHz ( $50''$ ), and VLA at 1.4 GHz ( $13''$ ), for neutral hydrogen studies.		

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<b>G126.2 + 1.6</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 01 <sup>h</sup> 18 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 7	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 70
<b>Dec:</b> +64°00'	<b>Spectral index:</b> varies	<b>Type:</b> S?
<b>Radio:</b> Poorly defined shell.		
<b>Optical:</b> Filaments detected.		
<b>References:</b>		
Reich <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&A, 78, L13. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.4 GHz ( $9' : S = 6.8 \pm 0.7$ ) and 2.7 GHz ( $4'.4 : S = 3.9 \pm 0.4$ ).		
Blair <i>et al.</i> 1980, ApJ, 242, 592. Optical detection and spectra.		
Rosado 1982, RMxAA, 5, 127. Optical spectra.		
Fesen <i>et al.</i> 1983, ApJS, 51, 337. Deep [OIII] imagery.		
Fürst <i>et al.</i> 1984, A&A, 133, 11. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.4$ ) and 4.8 GHz ( $2'.6$ ).		
Joncas <i>et al.</i> 1989, A&A, 219, 303. DRAO at 408 MHz ( $3'.5 \times 3'.9 : S = 12 \pm 2.5$ ) and part at 1.4 GHz ( $1'.1 \times 1'.0$ ), plus review of flux densities.		
Xilouris <i>et al.</i> 1993, A&A, 270, 393. Optical imaging.		

<b>G127.1 + 0.5</b>		R5
<b>RA:</b> 01 <sup>h</sup> 25 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 13	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 45
<b>Dec:</b> +62°55'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.6	<b>Type:</b> S
Has been called G127.3+0.7.		
<b>Radio:</b> Distinct shell, with bright central source.		
<b>Point sources:</b> Flat radio spectrum (extragalactic) source at centre of remnant.		
<b>Optical:</b> Detected.		
<b>Distance:</b> 1.2–1.3 kpc if associated with NGC559.		
<b>References:</b>		
Caswell 1977, MNRAS, 181, 789. HMT at 1.42 GHz ( $3'.5 \times 3'.9$ ), plus other observations of central source.		
Salter <i>et al.</i> 1978, A&A, 66, 77. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.4$ ), plus 5 and 8.7 GHz of the central source.		
Pauls 1977, A&A, 59, L13. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.4 GHz ( $9' : S = 8 \pm 1$ ).		
Reich <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&A, 78, L13. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.4 GHz ( $9' : S = 10.8 \pm 1.3$ ).		
Pauls <i>et al.</i> 1982, A&A, 112, 120. WSRT at 610 MHz ( $56'' \times 62''$ ) and HI absorption to the point source with the VLA.		
Geldzahler & Shaffer 1982, ApJ, 260, L69. Observations of central source.		
Fürst <i>et al.</i> 1984, A&A, 133, 11. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.4$ ) and 4.8 GHz ( $2'.6$ ).		
Goss & van Gorkom 1984, JA&A, 5, 425. WSRT HI absorption of central source.		
Joncas <i>et al.</i> 1989, A&A, 219, 303. DRAO at 408 MHz ( $3'.5 \times 3'.9 : S = 17.9 \pm 2.0$ ) and 1.4 GHz ( $1'.13 \times 1'.0 : S = 10.1 \pm 0.8$ ), plus review of flux densities.		
Xilouris <i>et al.</i> 1993, A&A, 270, 393. Optical imaging.		

<b>G130.7 + 3.1</b>		3C58, SN1181
<b>RA:</b> 02 <sup>h</sup> 01 <sup>m</sup> 55 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 33	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 9 × 5
<b>Dec:</b> +64°35'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.10	<b>Type:</b> F
This is the remnant of the SN of AD1181.		
<b>Radio:</b> Filled-centre, highly polarized, with high frequency turnover.		
<b>Optical:</b> Faint filaments.		
<b>X-ray:</b> Centrally brightened with power-law spectrum.		
<b>Point sources:</b> Compact source in X-rays.		
<b>Distance:</b> HI absorption indicates 3.2 kpc.		
<b>References:</b>		
Green <i>et al.</i> 1975, A&A, 44, 187. Effelsberg 100-m at 15.0 GHz ( $58'' : S = 26.7 \pm 0.5$ ).		
Wilson & Weiler 1976, A&A, 49, 357. WSRT at 610 MHz ( $58'' \times 64''$ ), 1.4 GHz ( $24'' \times 27''$ ) and 5 GHz ( $7'' \times 8''$ ).		
van den Bergh 1978, ApJ, 220, L9. Optical observations.		
Becker <i>et al.</i> 1982, ApJ, 255, 557. X-ray observations.		
Green & Gull 1982, Nat, 299, 606. HI absorption distance.		
Fesen 1983, ApJ, 270, L53. Optical spectra.		
Reynolds & Aller 1985, AJ, 90, 2312. VLA at 1.4 GHz ( $2'$ ), for limits of shell.		
Davelaar <i>et al.</i> 1986, ApJ, 300, L59. EXOSAT spectrum.		
Green 1986, MNRAS, 218, 533. CLFST at 151 MHz ( $1'.2 \times 1'.3 : S = 36 \pm 4$ ), 5km at 2.7 GHz ( $4''$ ), plus IPC observations for limit on shell.		
Green 1987, MNRAS, 225, 11P. Flux density increase at 408 MHz.		
Morsi & Reich 1987, A&AS, 69, 533. Effelsberg 100-m at 32 GHz ( $26''.5 : S = 24.2 \pm 1.4$ ).		
Reynolds & Aller 1988, ApJ, 327, 845. VLA at 1.4 ( $2''.4$ ) and 4.9 GHz ( $2''.5$ ).		
Salter <i>et al.</i> 1989, ApJ, 338, 171. NRAO 12-m at 84.2 GHz ( $90'' : S = 15.0 \pm 2.0$ ), plus review of flux densities.		
Asaoka & Koyama 1990, PASJ, 42, 625. Ginga X-ray spectrum.		
Green & Scheuer 1992, MNRAS, 258, 833. IRAS upper limits.		
Roberts <i>et al.</i> 1993, A&A, 274, 427. HI absorption.		
Wallace <i>et al.</i> 1994, A&A, 286, 565. HI of surroundings.		
Helfand <i>et al.</i> 1995, ApJ, 453, 741. ROSAT observations.		

<b>G132.7 + 1.3</b>		HB3
<b>RA:</b> 02 <sup>h</sup> 14 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 45	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 80
<b>Dec:</b> +62°30'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.6	<b>Type:</b> S
Has been called G132.4+2.2.		
<b>Radio:</b> Faint shell, adjacent to W3/4/5 complex.		
<b>Optical:</b> Complete, filamentary shell, shock excited spectra.		
<b>X-ray:</b> Partial shell.		
<b>Distance:</b> Interaction with surroundings suggests 2.2 kpc.		
<b>References:</b>		
van den Bergh <i>et al.</i> 1973, ApJS, 26, 19. Optical.		
Velusamy & Kundu 1974, A&A, 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz ( $5' : S = 33.8 \pm 7.0$ ).		
d'Odorico & Sabbadin 1977, A&AS, 28, 439. Optical spectra.		
Read 1981, MNRAS, 194, 863. 6C at 151 MHz ( $4'.4$ ) and HMT at 1.4 GHz ( $2'$ ) showing HI shell.		
Lozinskaya 1981, SvAL, 7, 17. Mean optical velocity.		
Fesen & Gull 1983, PASP, 95, 196. Optical image.		
Leahy <i>et al.</i> 1985, ApJ, 294, 183. IPC observations.		
Landecker <i>et al.</i> 1987, AJ, 94, 111. DRAO at 408 MHz ( $3'.5 \times 4' : S = 75 \pm 15$ ), plus review of flux densities.		
Routledge <i>et al.</i> 1991, A&A, 247, 529. DRAO at 1.4 GHz ( $1'.0 \times 1'.1$ ) for HI, plus CO observations.		
Fesen <i>et al.</i> 1995, AJ, 110, 2876. Optical imaging and spectroscopy, DRAO at 408 MHz ( $3'.5 \times 4'$ ) and 1.4 GHz ( $1'.0 \times 1'.1$ ).		

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<b>G152.2 – 1.2</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 04 <sup>h</sup> 05 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 16?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 110?
<b>Dec:</b> +48°24'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.7?	<b>Type:</b> S?

**Radio:** Non-thermal source hinted by Bologna survey.

**References:**

Bonsignori-Facondi & Tomasi 1979, A&A, 77, 93. Bologna at 408 MHz ( $4'.2 \times 110' : S = 30 \pm 30\%$ ).

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<b>G156.2 + 5.7</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 04 <sup>h</sup> 54 <sup>m</sup> 40 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 5	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 110
<b>Dec:</b> +51°47'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5	<b>Type:</b> S

**Radio:** Faint shell.

**X-ray:** Faint shell.

**References:**

Pfeffermann *et al.* 1991, A&A, 246, L28. ROSAT detection.

Reich *et al.* 1992, A&A, 256, 214. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.4 ( $9' : S = 4.2 \pm 1.0$ ) and 2.7 GHz ( $4'.3 : S = 3.0 \pm 1.0$ ), plus HI and IRAS.

Yamauchi *et al.* 1993, PASJ, 45, 795. Hard X-ray observations.

<b>G160.9 + 2.6</b>		HB9
<b>RA:</b> 04 <sup>h</sup> 57 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 110	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 140 × 120
<b>Dec:</b> +46°36'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.6	<b>Type:</b> S
Has been called G160.5+2.8 and G160.4+2.8.		
<b>Radio:</b> Large, filamentary shell.		
<b>Optical:</b> Incomplete shell.		
<b>X-ray:</b> Centrally brightened.		
<b>Point sources:</b> Pulsar within boundary of the remnant, plus several nearby compact radio sources.		
<b>Distance:</b> Various observations suggests less than 4 kpc.		
<b>References:</b>		
d'Odorico & Sabbadin 1977, A&AS, 28, 439. Optical spectra.		
Damashek <i>et al.</i> 1978, ApJ, 225, L31. Pulsar.		
Lozinskaya 1981, SvAL, 7, 17. Mean optical velocity.		
Dwarakanath <i>et al.</i> 1982, JA&A, 3, 207. Radio observations at 34.5 MHz (26' × 40' : $S = 750 \pm 150$ ), plus review of flux densities.		
van Gorkom <i>et al.</i> 1982, MNRAS, 198, 757. WSRT HI absorption to nearby point source.		
Sequist & Gilmore 1982, AJ, 87, 378. VLA observations of nearby source.		
Reich <i>et al.</i> 1983, in IAU101, p377. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.5).		
Krymkin <i>et al.</i> 1988, SvA, 32, 634. Observations at 12.6 and 25 MHz, plus review of flux densities.		
Leahy 1988, ApJ, 322, 917. IPC observations.		
Leahy & Roger, 1991, AJ, 101, 1033. DRAO at 408 MHz (3'.5 × 4'.8) and 1.4 GHz (1'.0 × 1'.4), including HI and discussion of distance.		
Yamauchi & Koyama 1993, PASJ, 45, 545. Hard X-ray observations.		
Leahy & Aschenbach 1995, A&A, 293, 853. ROSAT observations.		
<b>G166.0 + 4.3</b>		VRO 42.05.01
<b>RA:</b> 05 <sup>h</sup> 23 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 7?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 55 × 35
<b>Dec:</b> +42°52'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.4?	<b>Type:</b> S
<b>Radio:</b> Two arcs of strikingly different radii.		
<b>Optical:</b> Nearly complete ring.		
<b>X-ray:</b> Predominantly in SW.		
<b>Distance:</b> HI indicates 4.5 kpc.		
<b>References:</b>		
van den Bergh <i>et al.</i> 1973, ApJS, 26, 19. Optical.		
Willis 1973, A&A, 26, 237. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5' : $S = 5.2 \pm 1.0$ ).		
Lozinskaya 1979, AuJPh, 32, 113. Hα interferometry.		
Landecker <i>et al.</i> 1982, ApJ, 261, L41. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (1'.0 × 1'.4), plus review of flux densities.		
Fesen <i>et al.</i> 1983, ApJS, 51, 337. Deep [OIII] imagery.		
Pineault <i>et al.</i> 1985, A&A, 151, 52. VLA at 1.4 GHz (16'' × 20'') of part of remnant, and optical.		
Pineault <i>et al.</i> 1987, ApJ, 315, 580. DRAO and VLA combined at 1.4 GHz (20'').		
Fesen <i>et al.</i> 1985, ApJ, 292, 29. Optical spectra.		
Braun & Strom 1986, A&AS, 63, 345. WSRT HI Observations.		
Landecker <i>et al.</i> 1989, MNRAS, 237, 277. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (1'.0 × 1'.4), including HI.		
Burrows & Guo 1994, ApJ, 421, L19. ROSAT images and spectra.		
<b>G166.2 + 2.5</b>		OA 184
<b>RA:</b> 05 <sup>h</sup> 15 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 11	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 90 × 70
<b>Dec:</b> +41°50'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5	<b>Type:</b> S
<b>Radio:</b> Large, faint shell.		
<b>Optical:</b> Nearly complete ring.		
<b>Distance:</b> HI indicates 8 ± 2 kpc.		
<b>References:</b>		
Willis 1973, A&A, 26, 237. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5' : $S = 6.0 \pm 2.2$ ).		
Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo 111 MHz.		
Lozinskaya 1981, SvAL, 7, 17. Mean optical velocity.		
Fesen <i>et al.</i> 1985, ApJ, 292, 29. Optical spectra.		
Routledge <i>et al.</i> 1986, MNRAS, 221, 809. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (1' × 1'.4 : $S = 9.0 \pm 0.5$ ) including HI, plus review of flux densities.		
Kim <i>et al.</i> 1988, AJ, 96, 704. VLA of background sources for magnetic field structure of the remnant.		
Leahy & Marshall 1988, MNRAS, 235, 805. IRAS observations.		

**G179.0 + 2.6****RA:** 05<sup>h</sup>50<sup>m</sup>30<sup>s</sup>**Dec:** +31°05'**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 7**Spectral index:** 0.4**Size/arcmin:** 70**Type:** S?**Radio:** Thick shell, with background extragalactic sources near centre.**References:**

Fürst &amp; Reich 1986, A&amp;A, 154, 303. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.4 (9'.4), 2.7 (4'.3) and 4.75 GHz (2'.4).

Fürst *et al.* 1989, A&A, 223, 66. Observations of central, extragalactic source.**G180.0 – 1.7**

S147

**RA:** 05<sup>h</sup>36<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>**Dec:** +27°50'**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 65**Spectral index:** varies**Size/arcmin:** 180**Type:** S**Radio:** Large faint shell, with spectral break.**Optical:** Wispy ring.**X-ray:** Possible detection.**Point sources:** Pulsar within boundary.**References:**van den Bergh *et al.* 1973, ApJS, 26, 19. Optical.Sofue *et al.* 1980, PASJ, 32, 1. Effelsberg 100-m at 5 GHz (2'.6) of parts.Kundu *et al.* 1980, A&A, 92, 225. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (5'.5 :  $S = 34.9 \pm 4$ ) and 1.6 GHz (10' :  $S = 60.2 \pm 6$ ).Angerhofer & Kundu 1981, AJ, 86, 1003. Arecibo at 430 MHz (9' :  $S = 97 \pm 20$ ).Fürst *et al.* 1982, A&A, 115, 428. Observations of compact radio sources near the remnant.Fesen *et al.* 1985, ApJ, 292, 29. Optical spectra.

Fürst &amp; Reich 1986, A&amp;A, 163, 186. Effelsberg 100-m at 1.4, 2.7 and 4.7/5.0 GHz (9'.4, 4'.3 and 2'.4/2'.6).

Sauvageot *et al.* 1990, A&A, 227, 183. EXOSAT possible detection.Anderson *et al.* 1996, ApJ, 468, L55. Pulsar detection.

**G184.6 – 5.8**

**RA:** 05<sup>h</sup>31<sup>m</sup>30<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** +21°59'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 1040  
**Spectral index:** 0.30

Crab Nebula, 3C144, SN1054

**Size/arcmin:** 7 × 5  
**Type:** F

This is the remnant of the SN of AD1054.

**Radio:** Filled-centre, central pulsar, with faint “jet” (or tube) extending from the N edge.

**Optical:** Strongly polarized filaments, diffuse synchrotron emission, with “jet” faintly visible.

**X-ray:** Centrally brightened around the pulsar.

**Point sources:** Pulsar powering the remnant.

**Distance:** Proper motions and radial velocities give 2 kpc.

**References:**

- Trimble & Woltjer 1971, ApJ, 163, L97. Optical expansion for distance.  
 Green *et al.* 1975, A&A, 44, 187. Effelsberg 100-m at 15.0 GHz ( $58'' : S = 499.3 \pm 1.0$ ).  
 Clark *et al.* 1983, MNRAS, 204, 415. 3-D optical structure.  
 Velusamy 1984, Nat, 308, 251. VLA at 1.4 GHz, radio detection of “jet”.  
 Harnden & Seward 1984, ApJ, 283, 279. X-ray observations.  
 Velusamy 1985, MNRAS, 212, 359. VLA at 1.4 GHz ( $15''$ ).  
 Aller & Reynolds 1985, ApJ, 293, L73. Flux density decrease.  
 Mezger *et al.* 1986, A&A, 167, 145. 249-GHz map ( $120''$ ).  
 Fesen & Gull 1986, ApJ, 306, 259. Deep [OIII] imagery of “jet”.  
 Morsi & Reich 1987, A&AS, 69, 533. Effelsberg 100-m at 32 GHz ( $26''.5 : S < 417$ ).  
 Romani *et al.* 1990, ApJ, 347, L51. H $\alpha$  and IR of surroundings.  
 Marcellin *et al.* 1990, A&A, 228, 471. Optical of “jet”.  
 Fesen & Blair 1990, ApJ, 351, L45. Optical identification of dust in filaments.  
 Hester *et al.* 1990, ApJ, 357, 539. Optical and IR images.  
 Graham *et al.* 1990, ApJ, 352, 172. IR spectroscopy and imaging.  
 Hickson & van den Bergh 1990, ApJ, 365, 224. Optical polarization.  
 Bietenholz & Kronberg 1990, ApJ, 357, L13. VLA at 1.4 GHz ( $1''.8$ ).  
 MacAlpine & Uomoto 1991, AJ, 102, 218. Photometry.  
 Michel *et al.* 1991, ApJ, 368, 463. Optical photometry.  
 Bietenholz *et al.* 1991, ApJ, 373, L59. VLA at multiple epochs for expansion studies.  
 Véron-Cetty & Woltjer 1991, A&A, 251, L31. Limits on optical variations.  
 Hennessy *et al.* 1992, ApJ, 395, L13. UV imagery.  
 Fesen *et al.* 1992, ApJ, 399, 599. Optical studies of “dark bays”.  
 Blair *et al.* 1992, ApJ, 399, 611. Far UV observations.  
 Bietenholz & Kronberg 1992, ApJ, 393, 206. VLA at 1.5 and 5 GHz ( $1''.8$ ) and 1.5 and 14 GHz ( $6''.5$ ) for spectral studies.  
 Strom & Greidanus 1992, Nat, 358, 654. IRAS observations.  
 Fesen & Staker 1993, MNRAS, 263, 69. [OIII] imaging of “jet”, and proper motion studies.  
 Kassim *et al.* 1993, AJ, 106, 2218. VLA at 74 MHz ( $20''$ ).  
 Véron-Cetty & Woltjer 1993, A&A, 270, 370. Continuum and [OIII] photometry.  
 Nolan *et al.* 1993, ApJ, 409, 697. Gamma ray observations.  
 Strong *et al.* 1993, A&AS, 97, 133. Gamma ray observations.  
 Murdin 1994, MNRAS, 269, 89. Deep H $\alpha$  plates and spectroscopy of halo.  
 Wallace *et al.* 1994, A&A, 286, 565. H $\alpha$  of surroundings.  
 MacAlpine *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 432, L131. Prominent optical knots.  
 Rudy *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 426, 646. IR spectroscopy.  
 Tanimori *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 429, L61. Gamma rays from pulsar.  
 Predehl & Schmitt 1995, A&A, 293, 889. ROSAT of dust scattered halo.  
 Lawrence *et al.* 1995, AJ, 109, 2635. Optical imaging spectroscopy.  
 Frail *et al.* 1995, ApJ, 454, L129. VLA at 333 MHz ( $20''$ ) for limits on shell.  
 MacAlpine *et al.* 1996, ApJ, 463, 650. Optical spectroscopy of N and S rich filaments.

**G189.1 + 3.0**

**RA:** 06<sup>h</sup>14<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** +22°36'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 160  
**Spectral index:** 0.36

IC443, 3C157

**Size/arcmin:** 45  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Limb-brightened to NE, with faint extension to the E.

**Optical:** Brightest to the NE, with faint filaments outside the NE boundary.

**X-ray:** Shell, brightest to the NE.

**Distance:** Mean optical velocity suggests 0.7–1.5 kpc, association with S249 gives 1.5–2 kpc.

**References:**

- Duin & van der Laan 1975, A&A, 40, 111. WSRT at 610 MHz (1' × 2'.5), 1415 MHz (24'' × 63''), and part at 5 GHz (12'' × 31'').  
Lozinskaya 1981, SvAL, 7, 17. Mean optical velocity.  
Fesen 1984, ApJ, 281, 658. Optical of filament to far NE.  
Erickson & Mahoney 1985, ApJ, 290, 596. TPT at 4 frequencies between 31 and 74 MHz (13' × 11' to 5'.4 × 4'.7), plus review of flux densities.  
Braun & Strom 1986, A&A, 164, 193. WSRT at 327 MHz (72'' × 185'') and 1.4 GHz (17'' × 43''), plus H<sub>I</sub> and IRAS.  
Green 1986, MNRAS, 221, 473. CLFST at 151 MHz (1'.2 × 3'.1) and HMT at 1.4 GHz (2'.1 × 5'.4).  
Mufson *et al.* 1986, AJ, 92, 1349. Radio, IR, optical, UV and X-ray comparison, including VLA at 1.6 GHz (3''.8 × 3''.3 and 40'').  
White *et al.* 1987, A&A, 173, 337. Observations of shocked molecular species.  
Graham *et al.* 1987, ApJ, 313, 847. IR spectroscopy.  
Burton *et al.* 1988, MNRAS, 231, 617. Molecular hydrogen imaging of shocked material.  
Brown *et al.* 1988, ApJ, 334, 852. [FeX] optical imaging.  
Dickel *et al.* 1989, AJ, 98, 1363. VLA at 1.4 GHz (1''.1 × 1''.2) of NE.  
Petre *et al.* 1988, ApJ, 335, 215. IPC, HRI, SSS and other X-ray observations.  
Ziurys *et al.* 1989, ApJ, 341, 857. Observations of shocked molecular species.  
Burton *et al.* 1990, ApJ, 355, 197. IR observations of shocked O<sub>2</sub>.  
Sauvageot *et al.* 1990, A&A, 232, 203. [FeX] and [FeXIV] imaging.  
Moorhouse *et al.* 1991, MNRAS, 253, 662. Observations of shocked molecular H<sub>2</sub>.  
Wood *et al.* 1991, AJ, 102, 224. VLA at 5 GHz (3''.6 × 3''.8) of northeast, including polarization.  
Teske 1991, ApJ, 383, 233. [FeX] and [FeXIV] imaging.  
Wang & Scoville 1992, ApJ, 386, 158. Observations of shocked molecular species.  
Wang *et al.* 1992, PASJ, 44, 303. Ginga X-ray observations.  
Turner *et al.* 1992, ApJ, 399, 114. Observations of shocked molecular species.  
Dickman *et al.* 1992, ApJ, 400, 203. Observations of shocked molecular species.  
Inoue *et al.* 1993, PASJ, 45, 539. Observations of shocked molecular H<sub>2</sub>.  
van Dishoeck *et al.* 1993, A&A, 279, 541. Observations of shocked molecular species.  
Asaoka & Aschenbach 1994, A&A, 284, 573. X-ray, including possible overlapping remnant.  
White 1994, A&A, 283, L25. Observations of shocked molecular species.  
Tauber *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 421, 570. Observations of shocked molecular species.  
Richter *et al.* 1995, ApJ, 454, 277. Observations of shocked molecular H<sub>2</sub>.  
Esposito *et al.* 1996, ApJ, 461, 820. Associated gamma-ray emission.  
Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH maser emission.

**G192.8 – 1.1**

**RA:** 06<sup>h</sup>06<sup>m</sup>30<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** +17°20'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 20?  
**Spectral index:** 0.6?

PKS 0607+17

**Size/arcmin:** 78  
**Type:** S

Has been called G193.3–1.5. Has been regarded as part of the Origem Loop, a supposed larger remnant.

**Radio:** In complex region.

**Optical:** Encompasses S261 and S254–258.

**References:**

- Milne & Dickel 1974, AuJPh, 27, 549. Parkes 64-m at 2.7 GHz (9' :  $S = 13 \pm 15\%$ ).  
Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, AJ, 80, 437. Arecibo at 318 MHz (15' :  $S = 74 \pm 32$ ), and  $S(610) = 40$ .  
Caswell 1985, AJ, 90, 1076. DRAO at 1.4 GHz (1' × 3'.3 :  $S = 18 \pm 3$ ).

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<b>G205.5 + 0.5</b>		Monoceros Nebula
<b>RA:</b> 06 <sup>h</sup> 36 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 160	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 220
<b>Dec:</b> +06°30'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5	<b>Type:</b> S
<b>Radio:</b> In complex region, parts may be HII regions.		
<b>Optical:</b> Large ring, near Rosette nebula.		
<b>X-ray:</b> Possibly detected.		
<b>Distance:</b> Mean optical velocity suggests 0.8 kpc, low frequency radio absorption suggests 1.6 kpc.		
<b>References:</b>		
Milne & Dickel 1974, <i>AuJPh</i> , 27, 549. Parkes 64-m at 2.7 GHz (9').		
Velusamy & Kundu 1974, <i>A&amp;A</i> , 32, 375. NRAO 300-ft at 2.7 GHz (5'), part only.		
Dickel & DeNoyer 1975, <i>AJ</i> , 80, 437. Arecibo at 111 MHz (1' : $S = 462 \pm 180$ ) and $S(610) = 245$ .		
Davies <i>et al.</i> 1978, <i>A&amp;AS</i> , 31, 271. Deep optical plates.		
Lozinskaya 1981, <i>SvAL</i> , 7, 17. Mean optical velocity.		
Graham <i>et al.</i> 1982, <i>A&amp;A</i> , 109, 145. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.4 : $S = 97.6 \pm 12.5$ ), plus review of flux densities.		
Fesen <i>et al.</i> 1985, <i>ApJ</i> , 292, 29. Optical spectra.		
Leahy <i>et al.</i> 1986, <i>MNRAS</i> , 220, 501. IPC observations.		
Odegard 1986, <i>ApJ</i> , 301, 813. TPT at 20.6, 25.6 and 30.9 MHz (24', 19' and 16').		
Esposito <i>et al.</i> 1996, <i>ApJ</i> , 461, 820. Possible associated gamma-ray emission.		

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<b>G206.9 + 2.3</b>		PKS 0646+06
<b>RA:</b> 06 <sup>h</sup> 46 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 6	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 60 × 40
<b>Dec:</b> +06°30'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5	<b>Type:</b> S?
<b>Radio:</b> Diffuse source near the Monoceros Nebula.		
<b>Optical:</b> Filaments detected.		
<b>X-ray:</b> Possibly detected.		
<b>References:</b>		
Davies & Meaburn 1978, <i>A&amp;A</i> , 69, 443. Optical.		
Nousek <i>et al.</i> 1981, <i>ApJ</i> , 248, 152. HEAO-1 X-ray limit.		
Graham <i>et al.</i> 1982, <i>A&amp;A</i> , 109, 145. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz (4'.4 : $S = 4.1 \pm 0.6$ ), plus review of flux densities.		
Rosado 1982, <i>RMxAA</i> , 5, 127. Optical.		
Fesen <i>et al.</i> 1985, <i>ApJ</i> , 292, 29. Optical spectra.		
Leahy <i>et al.</i> 1986, <i>MNRAS</i> , 220, 501. IPC observations.		
Odegard 1986, <i>ApJ</i> , 301, 813. TPT at 20.6, 25.6 and 30.9 MHz (24', 19' and 16').		

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<b>G211.7 – 1.1</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 06 <sup>h</sup> 43 <sup>m</sup> 10 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 15?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 70?
<b>Dec:</b> +00°24'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5?	<b>Type:</b> S?
<b>Radio:</b> Non-thermal source hinted by Bologna survey.		
<b>Optical:</b> Coincides with S284, filamentary ring with brighter central area.		
<b>References:</b>		
Bonsignori-Facondi & Tomasi 1979, <i>A&amp;A</i> , 77, 93. Bologna at 408 MHz (4'.2 × 110' : $S = 23 \pm 20\%$ ).		

**G260.4 – 3.4**

**RA:** 08<sup>h</sup>20<sup>m</sup>30<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –42°50'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 130  
**Spectral index:** 0.5

Puppis A, MSH 08–44  
**Size/arcmin:** 60 × 50  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Angular shell, brightest to the E, poorly defined to the W.

**Optical:** Nebulosity and wisps.

**X-ray:** Brightest to the E.

**Point sources:** Central compact X-ray source.

**Distance:** Association with HI gives  $2.2 \pm 0.3$  kpc.

**References:**

- Green 1971, AuJPh, 24, 773. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 198 \pm 20$ ).  
 Goudis & Meaburn 1978, A&A, 62, 283. H $\alpha$ +NII optical image.  
 Winkler *et al.* 1981, ApJ, 245, 574. FPCS, Oxygen lines.  
 Winkler *et al.* 1981, ApJ, 245, L27. X-ray spectrum.  
 Petre *et al.* 1982, ApJ, 258, 22. HRI observations.  
 Milne *et al.* 1983, MNRAS, 204, 237. FIRST at 1415 MHz ( $50''$ ), large scale emission missing.  
 Teske & Petre 1987, ApJ, 318, 370. Coronal optical line emission.  
 Dubner & Arnal 1988, A&AS, 75, 363. HI and CO observations of surroundings.  
 Arendt *et al.* 1990, ApJ, 350, 266. MOST at 843 MHz ( $44'' \times 65''$ ), with large scale emission added, plus IR, optical and X-ray observations.  
 Dubner *et al.* 1991, AJ, 101, 1466. VLA at 327 MHz ( $43'' \times 73''$ ) and 1.5 GHz ( $43'' \times 77''$ ).  
 Arendt *et al.* 1991, ApJ, 368, 474. IR observations.  
 Milne *et al.* 1993, MNRAS, 261, 366. Parkes 64-m at 4.75 ( $4'.5 : S = 59 \pm 5$ ) and 8.4 GHz ( $3' : S = 38 \pm 4$ ), plus polarization.  
 Berthiaume *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 425, 132. X-ray spectroscopy.  
 Sutherland & Dopita 1995, ApJ, 439, 365. Spectrophotometry.  
 Reynoso *et al.* 1995, AJ, 110, 318. VLA at 1.4 GHz ( $90''$ ) including neutral hydrogen.  
 Blair *et al.* 1995, ApJ, 454, L35. Far UV spectroscopy.  
 Petre *et al.* 1996, ApJ, 465, L43. ROSAT of central source.

**G261.9 + 5.5**

**RA:** 09<sup>h</sup>02<sup>m</sup>20<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –38°30'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 10?  
**Spectral index:** 0.4?

**Size/arcmin:** 40 × 30  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Faint shell with little limb brightening.

**References:**

- Hill 1967, AuJPh, 20, 297. Parkes 64-m at 2650 MHz ( $7'.5 : S = 7$ ) also  $S(1410) = 8$ ,  $S(81.5) = 25$ .  
 Colomb & Dubner 1980, A&A, 82, 244. Argentine 30-m dish at 1.4 GHz, for HI possibly associated with remnant.  
 Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ( $44'' \times 71''$ ).

<b>G263.9 – 3.3</b>			Vela (XYZ)
<b>RA:</b> 08 <sup>h</sup> 32 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 1750	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 255	
<b>Dec:</b> –45°35'	<b>Spectral index:</b> varies	<b>Type:</b> C	
This refers to the whole Vela XYZ complex, of which X has at times been classified as a separate (filled-centre) remnant.			
<b>Radio:</b> Large shell, with flatter spectrum component (Vela X).			
<b>Optical:</b> Filaments.			
<b>X-ray:</b> Patchy shell, with extensions, central nebula and pulsar.			
<b>Point sources:</b> Pulsar within Vela X.			
<b>Distance:</b> Vela pulsar implies 0.5 kpc.			
<b>References:</b>			
Milne 1968, AuJPh, 21, 201. Parkes 64-m at various frequencies, including 408 MHz ( $48' : S = 2300 \pm 300$ ), 635 MHz ( $31' : S = 2360 \pm 300$ ), 1410 MHz ( $14' : S = 1640 \pm 300$ ) and 2650 MHz ( $7'.5 : S = 1400 \pm 250$ ), plus discussion of the distance.			
van den Bergh <i>et al.</i> 1973, ApJS, 26, 19. Optical.			
Dopita <i>et al.</i> 1977, ApJ, 214, 179. Optical spectroscopy.			
Hearn <i>et al.</i> 1980, ApJ, 235, L67. X-ray map.			
Milne 1980, A&A, 81, 293. Maps of Vela X with Parkes 64-m at 1.66, 2.7 and 5 GHz ( $12', 8'.4$ and $4'.4$ ).			
Weiler & Panagia 1980, A&A, 90, 269. Clarify notation of this region and review previous observations.			
Kahn <i>et al.</i> 1985, ApJ, 299, 821. IPC observations.			
Harnden <i>et al.</i> 1985, ApJ, 299, 828. IPC and HRI observations of Vela X and pulsar.			
Bignami & Caraveo 1988, ApJ, 325, L5. Pulsar proper motion from optical observations.			
Dwarakanath 1991, JA&A, 12, 199. Gauribidamur 'T' array at 34.5 MHz ( $26' \times 8' : S = 1800$ for Vela X and $S = 3900$ for Vela YZ), plus review of flux densities.			
Bietenholz <i>et al.</i> 1991, ApJ, 376, L41. VLA at 5 GHz in vicinity of pulsar.			
Raymond <i>et al.</i> 1991, ApJ, 383, 226. UV spectroscopy.			
Willmore <i>et al.</i> 1992, MNRAS, 254, 139. Hard X-ray observations.			
Dubner <i>et al.</i> 1992, A&AS, 96, 505. Argentine 30-m at 1.4 GHz ( $30'$ ) of surrounding HI.			
Oberlack <i>et al.</i> 1994, ApJS, 92, 433. Gamma ray observations.			
Bocchino <i>et al.</i> 1994, ApJ, 437, 209. ROSAT observations of NE.			
Aschenbach <i>et al.</i> 1995, Nat, 373, 587. ROSAT of X-ray extensions.			
Strom <i>et al.</i> 1995, Nat, 373, 590. Radio of X-ray extensions.			
Markwardt & Ögelman 1995, Nat, 375, 40. X-ray jet from pulsar.			
Jenkins & Wallerstein 1995, ApJ, 440, 227. Optical absorption of associated neutral carbon cloud.			
Milne 1995, MNRAS, 277, 1435. Parkes 64-m at 8.4 GHz ( $3'$ ), including polarization, of Vela X.			
Duncan <i>et al.</i> 1996, MNRAS, 280, 252. Parkes 64-m at 2.4 GHz ( $8'.9$ ).			
Danks & Sembach 1995, AJ, 109, 2627. Optical spectroscopy of background stars.			
de Jager <i>et al.</i> 1996, ApJ, 460, 729. Gamma ray detection.			
Blair <i>et al.</i> 1995, AJ, 110, 312. UV spectroscopy.			
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 62''$ ) of part.			

<b>G272.2 – 3.2</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 09 <sup>h</sup> 05 <sup>m</sup> 15 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> ?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 15?
<b>Dec:</b> –51°50'	<b>Spectral index:</b> ?	<b>Type:</b> S?

<b>Radio:</b> Not detected (as is near Vela).
<b>X-ray:</b> Centrally brightened.
<b>Optical:</b> Detected.
<b>References:</b>
Greiner <i>et al.</i> 1994, A&A, 286, L35. ROSAT observations, plus optical.

<b>G279.0 + 1.1</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 09 <sup>h</sup> 56 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 30?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 95
<b>Dec:</b> –53°00'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.6?	<b>Type:</b> S

<b>Radio:</b> Faint, incomplete shell.
<b>Point sources:</b> Pulsar nearby.
<b>References:</b>
Woermann & Jonas 1988, MNRAS, 234, 971. Hartesbeesthoek 26-m at 1.6 ( $30' : S = 25.2 \pm 4$ ) and 2.3 GHz ( $20' : S = 20.7 \pm 3$ ).
Duncan <i>et al.</i> 1995, MNRAS, 277, 319. Parkes 64-m at 1.4 ( $18' : S = 28 \pm 3$ ) and 2.4 GHz ( $11' : S = 20 \pm 2$ ), including polarization.
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 53''$ ) of part.

<b>G284.3 – 1.8</b>			MSH 10–53
<b>RA:</b> $10^{\text{h}}16^{\text{m}}30^{\text{s}}$	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 11?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 24?	
<b>Dec:</b> $-58^{\circ}45'$	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.3?	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Incomplete, poorly defined shell.			
<b>References:</b> Milne <i>et al.</i> 1989, PASAu, 8, 187. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 50''$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 8.4 GHz ( $3' : S = 5.4 \pm 0.8$ ) including polarization, plus earlier flux densities.			
<b>G286.5 – 1.2</b>			
<b>RA:</b> $10^{\text{h}}33^{\text{m}}50^{\text{s}}$	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 1.4?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> $26 \times 6$	
<b>Dec:</b> $-59^{\circ}26'$	<b>Spectral index:</b> ?	<b>Type:</b> S?	
<b>Radio:</b> Double, elongated arc.			
<b>References:</b> Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 50'' : S = 1.6$ ).			
<b>G289.7 – 0.3</b>			
<b>RA:</b> $10^{\text{h}}59^{\text{m}}10^{\text{s}}$	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 6.2	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> $18 \times 14$	
<b>Dec:</b> $-60^{\circ}02'$	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.2?	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Incomplete shell.			
<b>Point sources:</b> Compact radio source near centre.			
<b>References:</b> Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 50'' : S = 6.4 \pm 0.5$ ), plus Parkes 64-m at 4.5 GHz ( $S = 7.5 \pm 2.5$ ) and 8.55 GHz ( $S = 3.6 \pm 0.9$ ).			
<b>G290.1 – 0.8</b>			MSH 11–61A
<b>RA:</b> $11^{\text{h}}01^{\text{m}}00^{\text{s}}$	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 42	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> $19 \times 14$	
<b>Dec:</b> $-60^{\circ}40'$	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.4	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Elongated, clumpy shell.			
<b>Optical:</b> Filaments detected.			
<b>X-ray:</b> Detected.			
<b>References:</b> Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3'$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4'$ ). Milne & Dickel 1975, AuJPh, 28, 209. Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4'.4 : S = 20.2$ ). Elliot & Malin 1979, MNRAS, 186, 45P. Optical image and spectra. Kirshner & Winkler 1979, ApJ, 227, 853. Optical. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ( $44'' \times 50''$ ). Milne <i>et al.</i> 1989, PASAu, 8, 187. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 49'' : S = 45 \pm 11$ ), and Parkes 64-m at 8.4 GHz ( $3' : S = 19.5 \pm 1.0$ ), including polarization. Seward 1990, ApJS, 73, 781. IPC observations. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 49'' : S = 43$ ).			
<b>G291.0 – 0.1</b>			(MSH 11–62)
<b>RA:</b> $11^{\text{h}}09^{\text{m}}45^{\text{s}}$	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 16	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> $15 \times 13$	
<b>Dec:</b> $-60^{\circ}22'$	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.29	<b>Type:</b> C?	
<b>Radio:</b> Centrally brightened core, with surrounding arcs.			
<b>X-ray:</b> Centrally brightened.			
<b>References:</b> Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3'$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4'$ ). Roger <i>et al.</i> 1986, MNRAS, 219, 815. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 50'' : S = 17.2 \pm 1.0$ ), and Parkes 64-m at 5 and 8.4 GHz ( $4'.6$ and $3' : S = 10.4 \pm 0.4$ and $9'.1 \pm 0.2$ ), with polarization. Wilson 1986, ApJ, 302, 718. IPC observations. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 49'' : S = 12.7$ ).			

<b>G292.0 + 1.8</b>			MSH 11–54
<b>R.A:</b> 11 <sup>h</sup> 22 <sup>m</sup> 20 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 15	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 12 × 8	
<b>Dec:</b> −59°00'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.4	<b>Type:</b> C?	
<b>Radio:</b> Centrally brightened source surrounded by a plateau of faint emission.			
<b>Optical:</b> Oxygen rich.			
<b>X-ray:</b> Ring of emission.			
<b>References:</b>			
Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').			
Goss <i>et al.</i> 1979, MNRAS, 188, 357. Optical spectra.			
Lockhart <i>et al.</i> 1977, MNRAS, 179, 147. Fleurs at 1415 MHz (50" : $S = 13.0$ ).			
Clark <i>et al.</i> 1980, MNRAS, 193, 129. SSS spectrum.			
Tuohy <i>et al.</i> 1982, ApJ, 260, L65. HRI observations.			
Dopita & Tuohy 1984, ApJ, 282, 135. Optical spectra.			
Braun <i>et al.</i> 1986, A&A, 162, 259. MOST at 843 MHz (0'.8) and IRAS.			
Hughes & Singh 1994, ApJ, 422, 126. EXOSAT spectrum.			
Sutherland & Dopita 1995, ApJ, 439, 365. Spectrophotometry.			

<b>G293.8 + 0.6</b>			
<b>R.A:</b> 11 <sup>h</sup> 32 <sup>m</sup> 40 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 5?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 20	
<b>Dec:</b> −60°37'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.6?	<b>Type:</b> C	

**Radio:** Central source, with faint extended plateau.

**References:**

- Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' :  $S = 9.0$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' :  $S = 2.1$ ).  
 Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44" × 51").  
 Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 49" :  $S = 2.6$ ).

<b>G294.1 – 0.0</b>			
<b>R.A:</b> 11 <sup>h</sup> 33 <sup>m</sup> 50 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> >2?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 40	
<b>Dec:</b> −61°22'	<b>Spectral index:</b> ?	<b>Type:</b> S	

**Radio:** Faint shell.

**References:**

- Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 49" :  $S > 2$ ).

<b>G296.1 – 0.5</b>			
<b>R.A:</b> 11 <sup>h</sup> 48 <sup>m</sup> 40 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 8?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 37 × 25	
<b>Dec:</b> −62°17'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.6?	<b>Type:</b> S	

Incorporates the previously catalogued remnant G296.1–0.7. Has been called G296.05–0.50.

**Radio:** Irregular shell, with nearby HII regions.

**Optical:** Detected.

**X-ray:** Detected.

**References:**

- Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' :  $S = 6.9$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' :  $S > 0.74$ ) poor 5-GHz map (of G296.1–0.7).  
 Longmore *et al.* 1977, MNRAS, 181, 541. Optical spectra.  
 van den Bergh 1978, ApJS, 38, 119. Optical.  
 Markert *et al.* 1981, ApJ, 248, L17. IPC observations.  
 Caswell & Barnes 1983, ApJ, 271, L55. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' :  $S = 12.4$ ).  
 Bignami *et al.* 1986, ApJ, 302, 606. EXOSAT, IPC and HRI observations.  
 Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43" × 48" :  $S > 2.4$ ).

<b>G296.5 + 10.0</b>			PKS 1209–51/52
<b>RA:</b> 12 <sup>h</sup> 07 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 48	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 90 × 65	
<b>Dec:</b> −52°10'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5	<b>Type:</b> S	
Has been called G296.5+9.7			
<b>Radio:</b> Shell with two bright limbs.			
<b>Optical:</b> Detected.			
<b>X-ray:</b> Incomplete shell, with central compact source.			
<b>Point sources:</b> Compact X-ray source detected within the remnant.			
<b>References:</b>			
Irvine & Irvine 1974, ApJ, 192, L111. Optical.			
Danziger & Dennefeld 1976, PASP, 88, 44. Optical spectra.			
Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4).			
Tuohy <i>et al.</i> 1979, ApJ, 230, L27. X-ray detection with HEAO-1 A2 experiment.			
Ruiz 1983, AJ, 88, 1210. Optical spectra.			
Dubner <i>et al.</i> 1986, AJ, 91, 343. Argentine 30-m dish at 1.4 GHz (34'), plus HI.			
Kelllett <i>et al.</i> 1987, MNRAS, 225, 199. EXOSAT of the west of the remnant, including the compact source.			
Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44'' × 56'').			
Matsui <i>et al.</i> 1988, ApJ, 329, 838. IPC and HRI observations, including compact source.			
Roger <i>et al.</i> 1988, ApJ, 332, 940. MOST at 843 MHz (44'' × 56'').			
Bignami <i>et al.</i> 1992, ApJ, 389, L67. Optical in vicinity of X-ray source.			
Milne & Haynes 1994, MNRAS, 270, 106. Parkes 64-m at 2.4 GHz (8'.3 : $S = 33 \pm 3$ ), 4.8 GHz (4'.5 : $S = 23.3 \pm 3$ ) and 8.4 GHz (3'.0 : $18.8 \pm 3$ ), including polarization and review of flux densities.			
Mereghetti <i>et al.</i> 1996, ApJ, 464, 842. Radio, optical and X-ray observations of central source.			

<b>G296.8 – 0.3</b>			1156–62
<b>RA:</b> 11 <sup>h</sup> 56 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 9	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 20 × 14	
<b>Dec:</b> −62°18'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.6	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Shell, brighter to the NW.			
<b>References:</b>			
Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' : $S = 15.0$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' : $S = 3.2$ ).			
Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4).			
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 48'' : $S = 9.2$ ).			

<b>G298.5 – 0.3</b>			
<b>RA:</b> 12 <sup>h</sup> 10 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 5?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 5?	
<b>Dec:</b> −62°35'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.4?	<b>Type:</b> ?	
<b>Radio:</b> Not well resolved, may be part of a larger ring?			
<b>References:</b>			
Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').			
Hwang & Markert 1994, ApJ, 431, 819. ROSAT upper limit.			
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 48'' : $S = 1.8$ ).			

<b>G298.6 – 0.0</b>			
<b>RA:</b> 12 <sup>h</sup> 11 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 5?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 12 × 9	
<b>Dec:</b> −62°20'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.3	<b>Type:</b> S	
Has been called G298.6–0.1.			
<b>Radio:</b> Incomplete shell, in complex region.			
<b>References:</b>			
Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').			
Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44'' × 50'').			
Hwang & Markert 1994, ApJ, 431, 819. ROSAT upper limit.			
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 48'' : $S = 7.4$ ).			

**G299.2 – 2.9**

**RA:** 12<sup>h</sup>12<sup>m</sup>30<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –65° 13'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 0.5?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:** 18 × 11  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Faint source.

**X-ray:** Centrally brightened.

**Optical:** Filaments in W.

**References:**

Bussler *et al.* 1996, A&A, 310, L1. ROSAT detection, plus optical studies.

**G299.6 – 0.5**

**RA:** 12<sup>h</sup>19<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –62° 52'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 1.0?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:** 13  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Faint shell, brightest to E.

**References:**

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 48'' :  $S = 1.1$ ).

**G301.4 – 1.0**

**RA:** 12<sup>h</sup>35<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –63° 33'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 2.1?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:** 37 × 23  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Faint, incomplete shell, with possible extensionm to southwest.

**References:**

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 48'' :  $S = 2.3$ ).

**G302.3 + 0.7**

**RA:** 12<sup>h</sup>42<sup>m</sup>55<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –61° 52'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 5?  
**Spectral index:** 0.4?

**Size/arcmin:** 17  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Distorted shell, in complex region, with possibly associated filament.

**References:**

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' :  $S = 7.5$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' :  $S = 3.0$ ).

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 49'' :  $S = 3.2$ ).

Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.

**G304.6 + 0.1**

**RA:** 13<sup>h</sup>02<sup>m</sup>50<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –62° 26'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 14  
**Spectral index:** 0.5

Kes 17

**Size/arcmin:** 8  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Incomplete shell.

**Distance:** Possible limit of > 9.7 kpc from HI absorption.

**References:**

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').

Milne & Dickel 1975, AuJPh, 28, 209. Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'.4 :  $S = 6.9$ ).

Caswell *et al.* 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption.

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 48'' :  $S = 18$ ).

Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.

**G308.1 – 0.7**

**RA:** 13<sup>h</sup>34<sup>m</sup>10<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –62° 49'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 1.2?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:** 13  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Faint shell.

**References:**

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 48'' :  $S = 1.3$ ).

**G308.8 – 0.1**

**RA:** 13<sup>h</sup>39<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –62°08'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 15?  
**Spectral index:** 0.4?

**Size/arcmin:** 20 × 30?  
**Type:** C?

Incorporates previous catalogued remnant G308.7+0.0.

**Radio:** Bright ridge in north, and arc to south.

**Point sources:** Pulsar near centre of remnant.

**References:**

- Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' :  $S = 16.7$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' :  $S = 7.0$ ).  
Milne & Dickel 1975, AuJPh, 28, 209. Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'.4 :  $S = 6.5$ ).  
Caswell *et al.* 1981, MNRAS, 195, 89. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50'').  
Wilson 1986, ApJ, 302, 718. Lack of detection with IPC.  
Caswell *et al.* 1992, ApJ, 399, L151. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 49'').  
Kaspi *et al.* 1992, ApJ, 399, L155. Pulsar observations.

**G309.2 – 0.6**

**RA:** 13<sup>h</sup>43<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –62°39'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 7?  
**Spectral index:** 0.4?

**Size/arcmin:** 15 × 12  
**Type:** S

Has been called G309.2–0.7.

**Radio:** Distorted shell.

**References:**

- Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' :  $S = 10.0$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' :  $S = 3.9$ ).  
Caswell *et al.* 1981, MNRAS, 195, 89. FIRST at 1415 MHz (1'.5).  
Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44'' × 50'').  
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 48'') :  $S = 6$ .

**G309.8 + 0.0**

**RA:** 13<sup>h</sup>47<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –61°50'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 17  
**Spectral index:** 0.5

**Size/arcmin:** 25 × 19  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Distorted shell.

**Point sources:** Steep radio spectrum source near the centre of the remnant.

**References:**

- Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' :  $S = 26.4$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' :  $S = 7.4$ ).  
Caswell *et al.* 1980, MNRAS, 190, 881. FIRST at 1415 MHz (1').  
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 49'') :  $S > 8.8$ .

**G310.6 – 0.3**

**RA:** 14<sup>h</sup>01<sup>m</sup>40<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –62°23'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 5?  
**Spectral index:** ?

Kes 20B  
**Size/arcmin:** 8  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Asymmetric shell.

**References:**

- Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 49'') :  $S = 5.4$ .

**G310.8 – 0.4**

**RA:** 14<sup>h</sup>03<sup>m</sup>40<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –62°31'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 6?  
**Spectral index:** ?

Kes 20A  
**Size/arcmin:** 12  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Arc in E, in complex region.

**References:**

- Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 49'') :  $S = 6.9$ .

**G311.5 – 0.3**

**RA:** 14<sup>h</sup>02<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –61°44'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 3?  
**Spectral index:** 0.5

**Size/arcmin:** 5  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Shell, not well resolved.

**References:**

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').  
 Caswell & Barnes 1985, MNRAS, 216, 753. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3').  
 Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 49'':  $S = 2.9$ ).

**G312.4 – 0.4**

**RA:** 14<sup>h</sup>09<sup>m</sup>20<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –61°29'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 45  
**Spectral index:** 0.36

**Size/arcmin:** 38  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Irregular, incomplete shell.

**References:**

Caswell & Barnes 1985, MNRAS, 216, 753. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' :  $S = 56$ ).  
 Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 49'':  $S > 19$ ), plus Parkes 64-m at 4.5 GHz (S = 30 ± 2) and 8.55 GHz (S = 17 ± 4).  
 Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.

**G315.4 – 2.3**

**RA:** 14<sup>h</sup>39<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –62°17'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 49  
**Spectral index:** 0.6

RCW 86, MSH 14–63

**Size/arcmin:** 42  
**Type:** S

Possibly the remnant of the SN of AD185?

**Radio:** Shell, brightest to the SW.

**Optical:** Bright, radiative filaments, with some faint Balmer dominated filaments.

**X-ray:** Partial shell, with bright patch.

**Distance:** Possible association with OB stars suggests 2.5 kpc.

**References:**

van den Bergh *et al.* 1973, ApJS, 26, 19. Optical.  
 Caswell *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' :  $S = 86$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' :  $S = 18.2$ ).  
 Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4).  
 Winkler 1978, ApJ, 221, 220. X-ray detection.  
 Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra.  
 Pisarski *et al.* 1984, ApJ, 277, 710. IPC and HRI observations  
 Nugent *et al.* 1984, ApJ, 284, 612. X-ray spectrum.  
 Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44'' × 50'').  
 Long & Blair 1990, ApJ, 358, L13. Balmer dominated optical filaments.  
 Greidanus & Strom 1990, A&A, 240, 385. IRAS observations.  
 Kaastra *et al.* 1992, A&A, 264, 654. Ginga X-ray spectra.  
 Strom 1994, MNRAS, 268, L5. Historical association  
 Chin & Huang 1994, Nat, 371, 398. Questioning of historical association.  
 Schaefer 1995, AJ, 110, 1793. Questioning of historical association.  
 Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 48'':  $S > 22$ ).

**G315.4 – 0.3**

**RA:** 14<sup>h</sup>32<sup>m</sup>10<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –60°23'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 8  
**Spectral index:** 0.4

**Size/arcmin:** 24 × 13  
**Type:** ?

**Radio:** Irregular non-thermal emission, with HII region superposed in E.

**References:**

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' :  $S = 15.9$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' :  $S = 4.9$ ).  
 Caswell *et al.* 1981, MNRAS, 195, 89. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50'' :  $S = 6.25$ ), re-assessment of earlier flux densities.  
 Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 49'':  $S = 3.1$ ).  
 Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.

**G315.9 – 0.0**

**RA:**  $14^{\text{h}}42^{\text{m}}20^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-60^{\circ}24'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 0.8?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:**  $25 \times 14$   
**Type:** S

Has been called G315.8–0.0.

**Radio:** Faint, distorted shell, with steep-spectrum “jet”?

**References:**

Kesteven *et al.* 1987, *AuJPh*, 40, 855. MOST at 843 MHz ( $44'' \times 50''$ ).  
Whiteoak & Green 1996, *A&AS*, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 50''$ :  $S = 0.9$ ).

**G316.3 – 0.0**

**RA:**  $14^{\text{h}}37^{\text{m}}40^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-59^{\circ}47'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 20?  
**Spectral index:** 0.4

(MSH 14–57)  
**Size/arcmin:**  $29 \times 14$   
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Distorted shell, with possible “blowout”.

**Distance:** HI absorption data suggests  $> 7.2$  kpc.

**References:**

Shaver & Goss 1970, *AuJPA*, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3'$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4'$ ).  
Caswell *et al.* 1975, *A&A*, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption.  
Milne & Dickel 1975, *AuJPh*, 28, 209. Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4'.4 : S = 16.7$ ).  
Kesteven & Caswell 1987, *A&A*, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ( $44'' \times 51''$ ).  
Whiteoak & Green 1996, *A&AS*, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 50'' : S = 20$ ).

**G317.3 – 0.2**

**RA:**  $14^{\text{h}}45^{\text{m}}50^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-59^{\circ}34'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 4.7?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:** 11  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Incomplete shell.

**References:**

Whiteoak & Green 1996, *A&AS*, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 50'' : S = 5.2$ ).

**G318.2 + 0.1**

**RA:**  $14^{\text{h}}51^{\text{m}}00^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-58^{\circ}51'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:**  $>3.9?$   
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:**  $40 \times 35$   
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Faint shell, with central HII region.

**References:**

Whiteoak & Green 1996, *A&AS*, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 50'' : S > 4.3$ ).

**G318.9 + 0.4**

**RA:**  $14^{\text{h}}54^{\text{m}}40^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-58^{\circ}17'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 4?  
**Spectral index:** 0.2?

**Size/arcmin:**  $30 \times 14$   
**Type:** C

May not be a SNR?

**Radio:** Complex arcs, with off-centre core.

**References:**

Whiteoak 1990, *Nat*, 347, 157. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 51''$ ).  
Whiteoak 1993, *ApJ*, 415, 701. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 51'' : S = 4.8 \pm 0.6$ ), Parkes 64-m at 4.5 GHz ( $4'.7 : S = 3.7 \pm 0.2$ )  
and 8.4 GHz ( $2'.8 : S = 3.0 \pm 0.4$ ) including polarization, and ATCA at 1.4 GHz and 4.8 GHz ( $11'' \times 13''$ ) of core.  
Whiteoak & Green 1996, *A&AS*, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 50'' : S = 4.8$ ).

<b>G320.4 – 1.2</b>		MSH 15–52, RCW 89
<b>RA:</b> 15 <sup>h</sup> 10 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 60?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 35
<b>Dec:</b> −58°58'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.4	<b>Type:</b> C
Has been suggested as the remnant of the SN of AD185?		
<b>Radio:</b> Ragged shell.		
<b>Optical:</b> RCW 89 is the H $\alpha$ emitting region to the NW.		
<b>X-ray:</b> Partial shell, central nebula and pulsar and possible “jet”.		
<b>Point sources:</b> Radio and X-ray pulsar, plus IR compact source.		
<b>Distance:</b> HI absorption indicates 4.2 kpc.		
<b>References:</b>		
Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption.		
Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4).		
Dopita <i>et al.</i> 1977, ApJ, 214, 179. Optical spectra.		
Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1981, MNRAS, 195, 89. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50'').		
Seward & Harnden 1982, ApJ, 256, L45. X-ray of pulsar.		
Manchester <i>et al.</i> 1982, ApJ, 262, L31. Radio of pulsar.		
Seward <i>et al.</i> 1983, ApJ, 267, 698. X-ray, Optical and IR.		
Kamper & van den Berg 1980, ApJ, 280, L51. Optical expansion.		
Seward <i>et al.</i> 1984, ApJ, 281, 650. X-ray observations of pulsar and nebulosity.		
Trussoni <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 234, 403. EXOSAT observations.		
Asaoka & Koyama 1990, PASJ, 42, 625. Ginga X-ray spectrum.		
Arendt 1991, AJ, 101, 2160. IRAS observations, including compact source.		
Milne <i>et al.</i> 1993, MNRAS, 264, 853. Parkes 64-m at 4.8 GHz (4'.5 : $S = 37 \pm 7$ ) and 8.4 GHz (3'.0 : $S = 24 \pm 4$ ) of remnant and nearby large loop, including polarization and review of flux densities.		
Strom 1994, MNRAS, 268, L5. Historical association.		
Chin & Huang 1994, Nat, 371, 398. Questioning of historical association.		
Matz <i>et al.</i> 1994, ApJ, 434, 288. X-ray observations of pulsar.		
Schaefer 1995, AJ, 110, 1793. Questioning of historical association.		
Du Plessis <i>et al.</i> 1995, ApJ, 453, 746. HartRAO 26-m at 2.3, 5 and 8.5 GHz ( $S = 42, 35.6, 14.5$ ).		
Greiveldinga <i>et al.</i> 1995, ApJ, 454, 855. ROSAT observations.		
Trassoni <i>et al.</i> 1996, A&A, 306, 581. ROSAT observations.		
Tamura <i>et al.</i> 1996, PASJ, 48, L33. ASCA observations.		
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 50'' : $S = 62$ ).		

<b>G320.6 – 1.6</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 15 <sup>h</sup> 21 <sup>m</sup> 50 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> ?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 60 × 30
<b>Dec:</b> −59°27'	<b>Spectral index:</b> ?	<b>Type:</b> S

**Radio:** Faint shell, overlapping G320.4–1.2 in W.

**References:**

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 50'' :  $S > 9.3$ ).

<b>G321.9 – 1.1</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 15 <sup>h</sup> 19 <sup>m</sup> 50 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> >3.4?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 28
<b>Dec:</b> −58°02'	<b>Spectral index:</b> ?	<b>Type:</b> S

**Radio:** Faint shell.

**References:**

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 51'' :  $S > 3.8$ ).

<b>G321.9 – 0.3</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 15 <sup>h</sup> 16 <sup>m</sup> 45 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 13	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 31 × 23
<b>Dec:</b> −57°23'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.3	<b>Type:</b> S

**Radio:** Shell brighter to the W, with Cir X-1 to N.

**Point sources:** Compact, probably thermal source at S edge.

**References:**

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' :  $S = 18.3$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' :  $S = 7.8$ ).

Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44'' × 52'').

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 51'' :  $S > 8.3$ ).

**G322.5 – 0.1**

**RA:** 15<sup>h</sup>19<sup>m</sup>30<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –56°55'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 1.5  
**Spectral index:** 0.4

**Size/arcmin:** 15  
**Type:** C

**Radio:** Shell with central extended source.

**Point sources:** PN Pe 2–8 within boundary.

**References:**

Whiteoak 1992, MNRAS, 256, 121. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 51'' : S = 2.0 \pm 0.3$ ).  
 Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 51'' : S = 1.7$ ), plus Parkes 64-m at 4.5 GHz ( $= 0.89 \pm 0.13$ ).

**G323.5 + 0.1**

**RA:** 15<sup>h</sup>24<sup>m</sup>50<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –56°11'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 3?  
**Spectral index:** 0.4?

**Size/arcmin:** 13  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Distorted shell, confused with thermal emission.

**Point sources:** Compact, probably thermal source near centre.

**References:**

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 4.2$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4' : S = 1.5$ ).  
 Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 52'' : S = 4.2$ ).

**G326.3 – 1.8**

**RA:** 15<sup>h</sup>49<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –56°00'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 145  
**Spectral index:** varies

MSH 15–56

**Size/arcmin:** 38  
**Type:** C

Has been called G326.2–1.7.

**Radio:** Shell, with flat spectrum core.

**Optical:** Emission around the shell.

**X-ray:** Shell, with central extended emission.

**References:**

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 75. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 180$ ).  
 Caswell *et al.* 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption.  
 Milne *et al.* 1979, MNRAS, 188, 437. FIRST at 1415 MHz ( $0'.8 : S > 95$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 14.7 GHz ( $2'.2 : S = 69 \pm 8$ ).  
 van den Bergh 1979, ApJ, 227, 497. Optical observations.  
 Zealey *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 38, 39. Optical observations.  
 Dennefeld 1980, PASP, 92, 603. Optical spectra.  
 Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ( $44'' \times 53''$ ).  
 Milne *et al.* 1989, PASAu, 8, 187. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 52'' : S = 153 \pm 40$ ), and Parkes 64-m at 8.4 GHz ( $3' : S = 68 \pm 5$ ), including polarization.  
 Seward 1990, ApJS, 73, 781. IPC observations.  
 Kassim *et al.* 1993, ApJ, 419, 733. ROSAT image.  
 Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 52'' : S > 130$ ).

**G327.1 – 1.1**

**RA:** 15<sup>h</sup>50<sup>m</sup>30<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –55°00'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 7?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:** 18  
**Type:** C

**Radio:** Shell, with off-centre core.

**X-ray:** Detected.

**References:**

Milne & Dickel 1974, AuJPh, 27, 549. Parkes 64-m at 2.7 GHz ( $8'.4 : S = 10 \pm 15\%$ ).  
 Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 10.6$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4' : S = 4.3$ ).  
 Lamb & Markert 1981, ApJ, 244, 94. IPC observations.  
 Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 52'' : S = 7.6$ ).

<b>G327.4 + 0.4</b>			Kes 27
<b>RA:</b> 15 <sup>h</sup> 44 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 30?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 21	
<b>Dec:</b> -53°40'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.6	<b>Type:</b> S	
Has been called G327.3+0.4 and G327.3+0.5.			
<b>Radio:</b> Incomplete, multi-arc shell, brightest to the SE.			
<b>X-ray:</b> Compact and extended emission near centre of remnant.			
<b>References:</b>			
Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 58$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4' : S = 12.4$ ). Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz ( $8'.4$ ) and 5 GHz ( $4'.4$ ). Lamb & Markert 1981, ApJ, 244, 94. IPC observations. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ( $44'' \times 55''$ ). Milne <i>et al.</i> 1989, PASAu, 8, 187. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 53'' : S = 32.2 \pm 6$ ), and Parkes 64-m at 8.4 GHz ( $3' : S = 9.4 \pm 0.8$ ), including polarization. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 53'' : S = 25$ ).			

<b>G327.4 + 1.0</b>			
<b>RA:</b> 15 <sup>h</sup> 43 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 1.9?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 14	
<b>Dec:</b> -53°11'	<b>Spectral index:</b> ?	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Asymmetric shell.			
<b>References:</b>			
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 54'' : S = 2.1$ ).			

<b>G327.6 + 14.6</b>			SN1006, PKS 1459-41
<b>RA:</b> 14 <sup>h</sup> 59 <sup>m</sup> 35 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 19	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 30	
<b>Dec:</b> -41°44'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.6	<b>Type:</b> S	
This is the remnant of the SN of AD1006.			

<b>Radio:</b> Shell, with two bright arcs.			
<b>Optical:</b> Filaments to the NW, with broad H $\alpha$ component.			
<b>X-ray:</b> Thermal shell, with non-thermal limb-brightened arcs.			
<b>Point sources:</b> The Schweizer-Middleditch star is near the middle of the remnant.			
<b>Distance:</b> Optical spectra and proper motion indicate 1.7–3.1 kpc.			
<b>References:</b>			
van den Bergh 1976, ApJ, 208, L17. Optical. Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz ( $8'.4$ ) and 5 GHz ( $4'.4$ ). Pskovskii 1978, SvA, 22, 420. Distance from historical records. Becker <i>et al.</i> 1980, ApJ, 240, L33. SSS and other X-ray spectra. Schweizer & Middleditch 1980, ApJ, 241, 1039. Possible stellar remnant. Pye <i>et al.</i> 1981, MNRAS, 194, 569. IPC observations. Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1983, MNRAS, 204, 921. FIRST at 1415 MHz ( $77''$ ). Reynolds & Gilmore 1986, AJ, 92, 1138. VLA at 1.37 and 1.67 GHz ( $16'' \times 20''$ ). Kirshner <i>et al.</i> 1987, ApJ, 315, L135. Broad H $\alpha$ optical component. Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz ( $44'' \times 66''$ ). Fesen <i>et al.</i> 1988, ApJ, 327, 164. UV absorption spectra to the Schweizer-Middleditch star. Roger <i>et al.</i> 1988, ApJ, 332, 940. MOST at 843 MHz ( $44'' \times 66'' : S = 17.5 \pm 1.5$ ). Long <i>et al.</i> 1988, ApJ, 333, 749. Optical proper motion for distance. Jones & Pye 1989, MNRAS, 238, 567. EXOSAT observations. Leahy <i>et al.</i> 1991, ApJ, 374, 218. HEAO-1 X-ray spectra. Wu <i>et al.</i> 1993, ApJ, 416, 247. UV spectra. Ozaki <i>et al.</i> 1994, PASJ, 46, 367. X-ray observations. Reynolds & Gilmore 1993, AJ, 106, 272. VLA at 1.37 and 1.67 GHz ( $24''$ ), including polarization. Moffett <i>et al.</i> 1993, AJ, 106, 1566. VLA at 1.37 and 1.67 GHz ( $10'' \times 14''$ ), for proper motion studies. Raymond <i>et al.</i> 1995, ApJ, 454, L31. Far UV spectroscopy. Koyama <i>et al.</i> 1995, Nat, 378, 255. ASCA observations. Willingale <i>et al.</i> 1996, MNRAS, 278, 749. ROSAT observations.			

**G328.4 + 0.2** (MSH 15-57)

**RA:** 15<sup>h</sup>51<sup>m</sup>40<sup>s</sup>      **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 16?      **Size/arcmin:** 6  
**Dec:** -53°08'      **Spectral index:** 0.2      **Type:** F

**Radio:** Amorphous emission.**References:**

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').  
Caswell *et al.* 1980, MNRAS, 190, 881. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50'').  
Wilson 1986, ApJ, 302, 718. Lack of detection with IPC.  
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 54'':  $S = 15$ ).

**G329.7 + 0.4**

**RA:** 15<sup>h</sup>57<sup>m</sup>30<sup>s</sup>      **1-GHz flux/Jy:** >34?      **Size/arcmin:** 40 × 33  
**Dec:** -52°11'      **Spectral index:** ?      **Type:** S

**Radio:** Diffuse shell, in complex region.**References:**

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 53'':  $S > 38$ ).

**G330.0 + 15.0**

**RA:** 15<sup>h</sup>05<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>      **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 350?      **Size/arcmin:** 180?  
**Dec:** -39°30'      **Spectral index:** 0.5?      **Type:** S

**Radio:** Low surface brightness loop with HI shell.**X-ray:** Detected.**References:**

Milne 1971, AuJPh, 24, 757. Parkes 64-m at 408 MHz (48'), 635 MHz (31') and 1410 MHz (15').  
Milne & Dickel 1974, AuJPh, 27, 549. Parkes 64-m at 2.7 GHz (8'.4 :  $S = 120 \pm 30\%$ ).  
Toor 1980, A&A, 85, 184. X-ray image and spectrum.  
Colomb & Dubner 1982, A&A, 112, 141. Argentine 30-m dish at 1.42 GHz (30'), HI observations.  
Leahy *et al.* 1991, ApJ, 374, 218. HEAO-1 X-ray spectra.  
Ozaki *et al.* 1994, PASJ, 46, 367. X-ray observations.

**G330.2 + 1.0**

**RA:** 15<sup>h</sup>57<sup>m</sup>20<sup>s</sup>      **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 5?      **Size/arcmin:** 11  
**Dec:** -51°26'      **Spectral index:** 0.3      **Type:** S?

**Radio:** Clumpy non-thermal emission, possibly a distorted shell.**References:**

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' :  $S = 8.6$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' :  $S = 4.0$ ).  
Caswell *et al.* 1983, MNRAS, 204, 915. FIRST at 1415 MHz (52'' × 47''), and MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 55'').  
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 55'':  $S = 4.7$ ).

**G332.0 + 0.2**

**RA:** 16<sup>h</sup>09<sup>m</sup>30<sup>s</sup>      **1-GHz flux/Jy:** 8?      **Size/arcmin:** 12  
**Dec:** -50°45'      **Spectral index:** 0.5      **Type:** S

**Radio:** Incomplete shell.**References:**

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').  
Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44'' × 57'').  
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 55'':  $S = 8.9$ ).

<b>G332.4 – 0.4</b>		RCW 103
<b>RA:</b> 16 <sup>h</sup> 13 <sup>m</sup> 45 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 28	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 10
<b>Dec:</b> –50°55'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5	<b>Type:</b> S
<b>Radio:</b> Shell, brightest to the S.		
<b>Optical:</b> Filaments correspond well to the radio shell.		
<b>X-ray:</b> Detected, with point source near centre.		
<b>Point sources:</b> Detected in X-rays.		
<b>Distance:</b> HI absorption indicates 3.3 kpc.		
<b>References:</b>		
Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').		
Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption.		
Tuohy & Garmire 1980, ApJ, 239, L107. HRI detection of X-ray point source.		
Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1980, MNRAS, 190, 881. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50'').		
Lamb & Markert 1981, ApJ, 244, 94. IPC observations.		
Ruiz 1983, AJ, 88, 1210. Optical spectra.		
Tuohy <i>et al.</i> 1983, ApJ, 268, 778. X-ray observations.		
Leibowitz & Danziger 1983, MNRAS, 204, 273. Optical spectra.		
Nugent <i>et al.</i> 1984, ApJ, 284, 612. X-ray spectrum (and HRI image from Tuohy, private communication).		
Meaburn & Allen 1986, MNRAS, 222, 593. Optical spectra.		
Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44'' × 57'').		
Oliva <i>et al.</i> 1990, A&A, 240, 453. IR spectroscopy.		
Dickel <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 340. ATCA at 1.36 (8'') and 2.37 GHz (4''.5''), including polarization.		
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 55'': $S = 34$ ).		
Frail <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.		
<b>G332.4 + 0.1</b>		MSH 16–51, Kes 32
<b>RA:</b> 16 <sup>h</sup> 11 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 26	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 15
<b>Dec:</b> –50°35'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5	<b>Type:</b> S
Has been called G332.4+0.2.		
<b>Radio:</b> Distorted shell, with thermal jet and plume adjacent.		
<b>Point sources:</b> Pulsar nearby.		
<b>References:</b>		
Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').		
Roger <i>et al.</i> 1985, Nat, 316, 44. MOST at 843 MHz (44'' × 57'').		
Caraveo 1993, ApJ, 415, L111. Nearby pulsar.		
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 56'': $S = 29$ ).		
Frail <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.		
<b>G335.2 + 0.1</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 16 <sup>h</sup> 24 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 16	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 21
<b>Dec:</b> –48°40'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5	<b>Type:</b> S
<b>Radio:</b> Well defined shell.		
<b>Point sources:</b> Old pulsar within remnant boundary.		
<b>References:</b>		
Clark <i>et al.</i> 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' : $S = 27.1$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' : $S = 8.6$ ).		
Kaspi <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 2028. Pulsar observations.		
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 57'': $S = 16$ ).		
<b>G336.7 + 0.5</b>		
<b>RA:</b> 16 <sup>h</sup> 28 <sup>m</sup> 30 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 6	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 14 × 10
<b>Dec:</b> –47°13'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5	<b>Type:</b> S
<b>Radio:</b> Irregular shell.		
<b>References:</b>		
Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4').		
Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44'' × 60'').		
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 58'': $S = 6.1$ ).		

<b>G337.0 – 0.1</b>			(CTB 33)
<b>RA:</b> 16 <sup>h</sup> 32 <sup>m</sup> 10 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 17?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 13 × 7?	
<b>Dec:</b> –47°27'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5?	<b>Type:</b> S?	
<b>Radio:</b> Possible shell, confused by nearby thermal sources.			
<b>References:</b> Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 58'' : $S = 21$ ). Frail <i>et al.</i> 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant, including compact sources (masers).			
<b>G337.2 – 0.7</b>			
<b>RA:</b> 16 <sup>h</sup> 35 <sup>m</sup> 45 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 2?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 6	
<b>Dec:</b> –47°45'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.7	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Shell, not well resolved.			
<b>References:</b> Clark <i>et al.</i> 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' : $S = 3.8$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' : $S = 0.70$ ). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 58'' : $S = 2.0$ ).			
<b>G337.3 + 1.0</b>			Kes 40
<b>RA:</b> 16 <sup>h</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 00 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 16	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 15 × 12	
<b>Dec:</b> –46°30'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.55	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Nearly complete shell.			
<b>References:</b> Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3' : $S = 24.6$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4' : $S = 7.2$ ). Dickel & Milne 1976, AuJPh, 29, 435. Comparison of earlier Parkes 64-m maps at 2.7 GHz (8'.4) and 5 GHz (4'.4). Kesteven & Caswell 1987, A&A, 183, 118. MOST at 843 MHz (44'' × 61''). Milne <i>et al.</i> 1989, PASAu, 8, 187. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 59'' : $S = 14.8 \pm 3.0$ ), and Parkes 64-m at 8.4 GHz (3' : $S = 5.1 \pm 0.6$ ), including polarization. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 59'' : $S = 20$ ).			
<b>G337.8 – 0.1</b>			Kes 41
<b>RA:</b> 16 <sup>h</sup> 35 <sup>m</sup> 20 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 18	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 9 × 6	
<b>Dec:</b> –46°53'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.5	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Distorted shell.			
<b>Distance:</b> HI absorption suggests > 9.3 kpc.			
<b>References:</b> Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Caswell <i>et al.</i> 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 59'' : $S = 18$ ).			
<b>G338.1 + 0.4</b>			
<b>RA:</b> 16 <sup>h</sup> 34 <sup>m</sup> 20 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 4?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 15?	
<b>Dec:</b> –46°18'	<b>Spectral index:</b> 0.4	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Arc in NE, merging with thermal emission in S.			
<b>Optical:</b> Detected.			
<b>References:</b> Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Zealey <i>et al.</i> 1979, A&AS, 38, 39. Optical detection. Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 59'' : $S = 3.8$ ).			
<b>G338.3 – 0.0</b>			
<b>RA:</b> 16 <sup>h</sup> 37 <sup>m</sup> 20 <sup>s</sup>	<b>1-GHz flux/Jy:</b> 7?	<b>Size/arcmin:</b> 8	
<b>Dec:</b> –46°28'	<b>Spectral index:</b> ?	<b>Type:</b> S	
<b>Radio:</b> Irregular shell, in complex region.			
<b>References:</b> Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3') and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4'). Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 59'' : $S = 7.4$ ).			

**G338.5 + 0.1**

**RA:**  $16^{\text{h}}37^{\text{m}}30^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-46^{\circ}13'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 12?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:** 9  
**Type:** ?

**Radio:** Circle of non-thermal emission in complex region, not well defined.

**References:**

Shaver & Goss 1970, AuJPA, 14, 133. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3'$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4'$ ).  
 Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 59''$ :  $S = 13$ ).

**G340.4 + 0.4**

**RA:**  $16^{\text{h}}42^{\text{m}}55^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-44^{\circ}34'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 5  
**Spectral index:** 0.4

**Size/arcmin:**  $10 \times 7$   
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Distorted shell, elongated east–west.

**References:**

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 8.2$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4' : S = 2.9$ ).  
 Caswell *et al.* 1983, MNRAS, 203, 595. FIRST at 1415 MHz ( $50''$ ).  
 Dubner *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1304. VLA at 330 MHz ( $75'' \times 48'' : S = 9.8 \pm 0.9$ ) and 1.4 GHz ( $27'' \times 9'' : S = 3.6 \pm 0.1$ ).  
 Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 61'' : S = 5.9$ ).

**G340.6 + 0.3**

**RA:**  $16^{\text{h}}44^{\text{m}}05^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-44^{\circ}29'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 5?  
**Spectral index:** 0.4?

**Size/arcmin:** 6  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Incomplete shell.

**Optical:** Possible associated filaments.

**References:**

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 7.0$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4' : S = 2.8$ ).  
 Caswell *et al.* 1983, MNRAS, 203, 595. FIRST at 1415 MHz ( $50''$ ).  
 Zealey *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 38, 39. Optical.  
 Dubner *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1304. VLA at 330 MHz ( $75'' \times 48'' : S = 9.2 \pm 0.9$ ) and 1.4 GHz ( $27'' \times 9'' : S = 5.8 \pm 0.1$ ).  
 Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 61'' : S = 4.5$ ).

**G341.2 + 0.9**

**RA:**  $16^{\text{h}}44^{\text{m}}00^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-43^{\circ}42'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 1.5?  
**Spectral index:** 0.6?

**Size/arcmin:**  $16 \times 22$   
**Type:** C?

**Radio:** Incomplete shell, with extension to SW.

**Point sources:** Pulsar in W.

**References:**

Frail *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 437, 781. VLA at 330 MHz ( $54'' \times 116'' : S = 3.0 \pm 0.1$ ) and 1.4 GHz ( $21'' \times 25'' : S = 12.5 \pm 0.05$ ).

**G341.9 – 0.3**

**RA:**  $16^{\text{h}}51^{\text{m}}25^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-43^{\circ}56'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 2.5  
**Spectral index:** 0.5

**Size/arcmin:** 7  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Incomplete shell, brightest to NE.

**References:**

Caswell *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 7.4$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4' : S = 1.7$ ), see Caswell & Clark 1975, AuJPA, 37, 57 for the maps.  
 Caswell *et al.* 1983, MNRAS, 203, 595. FIRST at 1415 MHz ( $50''$ ), revision of previous flux densities.  
 Dubner *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1304. VLA at 1.4 GHz ( $35'' \times 11'' : S = 2.2 \pm 0.1$ ).  
 Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 62'' : S = 2.7$ ).

**G342.0 – 0.2**

**RA:** 16<sup>h</sup>51<sup>m</sup>15<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –43° 48'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 3.5?  
**Spectral index:** 0.4?

**Size/arcmin:** 12 × 9  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Distorted shell.

**References:**

Caswell *et al.* 1983, MNRAS, 203, 595. FIRST at 1415 MHz (50''), estimate  $S(408) = 5$ ,  $S(5000) = 2$  from previous maps.  
Dubner *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1304. VLA at 1.4 GHz (35'' × 11'').  
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 62'':  $S = 3.5$ ).

**G342.1 + 0.9**

**RA:** 16<sup>h</sup>47<sup>m</sup>10<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –42° 59'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 0.5?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:** 10 × 9  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Incomplete shell.

**References:**

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 63'':  $S = 0.6$ ).

**G343.1 – 2.3**

**RA:** 17<sup>h</sup>04<sup>m</sup>25<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –44° 12'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 8?  
**Spectral index:** 0.5?

**Size/arcmin:** 32?  
**Type:** C?

**Radio:** Incomplete shell?

**Point sources:** Pulsar near edge.

**References:**

McAdam *et al.* 1993, Nat, 361, 516. MOST at 843 MHz (smoothed to 2').  
Frail *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 437, 781. VLA at 330 MHz (56'' × 111'':  $S = 10.6$ ) and 1.4 GHz (22'' × 27'') near pulsar.  
Becker *et al.* 1995, A&A, 298, 528. ROSAT of pulsar, and limit for remnant.

**G343.1 – 0.7**

**RA:** 16<sup>h</sup>56<sup>m</sup>50<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –43° 10'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 7.8  
**Spectral index:** 0.55

**Size/arcmin:** 27 × 21  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Shell, with smaller thermal shell adjacent.

**References:**

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 63'':  $S = 8.5 \pm 0.6$ ), plus Parkes 64-m at 4.5 GHz ( $S = 3.9 \pm 0.6$ ) and 8.55 GHz ( $S = 2.4 \pm 0.5$ )

**G344.7 – 0.1**

**RA:** 17<sup>h</sup>00<sup>m</sup>20<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –41° 38'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 2.5?  
**Spectral index:** 0.5

**Size/arcmin:** 10  
**Type:** C?

**Radio:** Asymmetric shell, with possible core.

**References:**

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz (3':  $S = 4.7$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz (4':  $S = 1.3$ ).  
Dubner *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 2251. VLA at 1.47 GHz (30'' × 43'':  $S = 1.7 \pm 0.1$ ).  
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 65'':  $S = 2.5$ ).

**G345.7 – 0.2**

**RA:** 17<sup>h</sup>03<sup>m</sup>50<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –40° 49'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 0.6?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:** 6  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Poorly defined diffuse shell.

**Point sources:** Old pulsar nearby.

**References:**

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz (43'' × 66'':  $S = 0.7$ ).

**G346.6 – 0.2**

**RA:** 17<sup>h</sup>06<sup>m</sup>50<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –40°07'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 8?  
**Spectral index:** 0.5?

**Size/arcmin:** 8  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Irregular shell.

**References:**

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 14.9$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4' : S = 4.3$ ).  
Dubner *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 2251. VLA at 1.47 GHz ( $31'' \times 43'' : S = 8.1 \pm 0.9$ ).  
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 67'' : S = 8.7$ ).

**G348.5 – 0.0**

**RA:** 17<sup>h</sup>12<sup>m</sup>00<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –38°25'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 10?  
**Spectral index:** 0.4?

**Size/arcmin:** 10?  
**Type:** S?

**Radio:** Arc, overlapping G348.5+0.1.

**References:**

Kassim *et al.* 1991, ApJ, 374, 212. VLA at 333 MHz ( $46'' \times 53''$ ), 1.4 GHz ( $18'' \times 33''$ ) and part at 5 GHz ( $2''.5 \times 3''.9$ ).  
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 69'' : S = 10.2$ ).  
Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant, including compact sources (masers).

**G348.5 + 0.1**

CTB 37A

**RA:** 17<sup>h</sup>10<sup>m</sup>40<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –38°29'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 72  
**Spectral index:** 0.3

**Size/arcmin:** 15  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Shell, poorly define to S and W, overlapping G348.5–0.0 in E.

**Distance:** HI absorption indicates  $10.2 \pm 3.5$  kpc.

**References:**

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 75. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 97$ ).  
Milne & Dickel 1975, AuJPh, 28, 209. Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4'.4 : S = 43$ ).  
Caswell *et al.* 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption.  
Milne *et al.* 1979, MNRAS, 188, 437. FIRST at 1415 MHz ( $0'.8 : S > 50$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 14.7 GHz ( $2'.2 : S = 18 \pm 5$ ).  
Downes 1984, MNRAS, 210, 845. VLA at 1465 MHz ( $20'' \times 45''$ ).  
Kassim *et al.* 1991, ApJ, 374, 212. VLA at 333 MHz ( $46'' \times 53''$ ), 1.4 GHz ( $18'' \times 33''$ ) and part at 5 GHz ( $2''.5 \times 3''.9$ ).  
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 69'' : S = 71$ ).

**G348.7 + 0.3**

CTB 37B

**RA:** 17<sup>h</sup>10<sup>m</sup>30<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –38°08'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 26  
**Spectral index:** 0.3

**Size/arcmin:** 17?  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Incomplete shell with faint eastern extensions.

**Distance:** HI absorption indicates  $10.2 \pm 3.5$  kpc.

**References:**

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 75. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 34$ ).  
Milne & Dickel 1975, AuJPh, 28, 209. Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4'.4 : S = 32$ ).  
Caswell *et al.* 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption.  
Milne *et al.* 1979, MNRAS, 188, 437. FIRST at 1415 MHz ( $0'.8 : S > 20$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 14.7 GHz ( $2'.2 : S = 8 \pm 3$ ).  
Downes 1984, MNRAS, 210, 845. VLA at 1465 MHz ( $20'' \times 45''$ ).  
Kassim *et al.* 1991, ApJ, 374, 212. VLA at 333 MHz ( $46'' \times 53''$ ).  
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 69'' : S = 33$ ).  
Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.

**G349.2 – 0.1**

**RA:** 17<sup>h</sup>13<sup>m</sup>50<sup>s</sup>  
**Dec:** –38°01'

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 1.4?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:** 9 × 6  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Elongated shell, adjacent to bright HII region.

**References:**

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 70'' : S = 1.6$ ).  
Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant.

**G349.7 + 0.2**

**RA:**  $17^{\text{h}}14^{\text{m}}35^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-37^{\circ}23'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 20  
**Spectral index:** 0.5

**Size/arcmin:**  $2.5 \times 2$   
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Incomplete clumpy shell, with enhancement to the S.

**Distance:** HI absorption indicates  $18.3 \pm 4.6$  kpc.

**References:**

- Becker & Kundu 1975, AJ, 80, 679. NRAO 140-ft at 10.6 GHz ( $3'$ ).  
Caswell *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 31.0$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4' : S = 9.1$ ), no maps.  
Caswell *et al.* 1975, A&A, 45, 239. Parkes HI absorption.  
Shaver *et al.* 1985, Nat, 313, 113. VLA at 1.4 GHz ( $3''.4 \times 14''.5$ ).  
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 71'' : S = 22$ ).  
Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant, including compact sources (masers).

**G350.0 – 1.8**

**RA:**  $17^{\text{h}}23^{\text{m}}40^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-38^{\circ}20'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 31  
**Spectral index:** 0.5

**Size/arcmin:**  $30?$   
**Type:** S?

**Radio:** Arc, possibly part of a larger remnant.

**References:**

- Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 49.5$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4' : S = 13.6$ ).  
Milne & Dickel 1975, AuJPh, 28, 209. Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4'.4$ ).

**G351.2 + 0.1**

**RA:**  $17^{\text{h}}19^{\text{m}}05^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-36^{\circ}08'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 5?  
**Spectral index:** 0.4

**Size/arcmin:** 7  
**Type:** C?

Has been called G351.3+0.2.

**Radio:** Distorted shell, with possible flat-spectrum core.

**References:**

- Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 8.1$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4' : S = 3.1$ ).  
Caswell *et al.* 1984, PASAu, 5, 227. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 77''$ ).  
Becker & Helfand 1988, AJ, 95, 883. VLA at 5 GHz ( $15''$ ), and at 15 GHz of core.  
Dubner *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 2251. VLA at 1.47 GHz ( $32'' \times 36'' : S = 4.8 \pm 0.2$ ).  
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 73'' : S = 5.5$ ).

**G351.7 + 0.8**

**RA:**  $17^{\text{h}}17^{\text{m}}40^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-35^{\circ}24'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 10?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:**  $18 \times 14$   
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Elongated shell, adjacent to bright HII region.

**Point sources:** Pulsar nearby.

**References:**

- Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 74'' : S = 11$ ).

**G351.9 – 0.9**

**RA:**  $17^{\text{h}}25^{\text{m}}30^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-36^{\circ}14'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 1.8?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:**  $12 \times 9$   
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Asymmetric shell.

**References:**

- Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 73'' : S = 2.0$ ).

**G352.7 – 0.1**

**RA:**  $17^{\text{h}}24^{\text{m}}20^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-35^{\circ}05'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 4  
**Spectral index:** 0.6

**Size/arcmin:**  $8 \times 6$   
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Distorted shell.

**References:**

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 9.6$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4' : S = 2.3$ ).  
Caswell *et al.* 1983, MNRAS, 203, 595. FIRST at 1415 MHz ( $1'.1$ ).  
Dubner *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 2251. VLA at 1.47 GHz ( $34'' : S = 3.4 \pm 0.4$ ).  
Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 75'' : S = 4.4$ ).

**G354.1 + 0.1**

**RA:**  $17^{\text{h}}27^{\text{m}}10^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-33^{\circ}44'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** ?  
**Spectral index:** varies?

**Size/arcmin:**  $15 \times 3?$   
**Type:** C?

Is this a SNR?

**Radio:** Elongated N-S.

**Point sources:** Pulsar at S tip.

**References:**

Frail *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 437, 781. VLA at 330 MHz ( $47'' \times 99''$ ) and 1.4 GHz ( $8''.8 \times 21''$ ).

**G354.8 – 0.8**

**RA:**  $17^{\text{h}}32^{\text{m}}40^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-33^{\circ}40'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 2.8?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:** 19  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Distorted shell.

**References:**

Whiteoak & Green 1996, A&AS, 118, 329. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 78'' : S = 3.1$ ).

**G355.6 – 0.0**

**RA:**  $17^{\text{h}}32^{\text{m}}00^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-32^{\circ}36'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 3?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:**  $6 \times 8$   
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Well defined shell.

**References:**

Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 847. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 80'' : S = 2.6$ ).

**G355.9 – 2.5**

**RA:**  $17^{\text{h}}42^{\text{m}}35^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-33^{\circ}42'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 8  
**Spectral index:** 0.5

**Size/arcmin:** 13  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Distorted shell, brightest to SE.

**References:**

Clark *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 1. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 12.3$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4' : S = 3.4$ ).  
Caswell *et al.* 1984, PASAu, 5, 227. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 77''$ ).  
Dubner *et al.* 1993, AJ, 105, 2251. VLA at 1.47 GHz ( $32'' \times 34'' : S = 5.0 \pm 0.3$ ).  
Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 836. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 77''$ ).

**G356.3 – 0.3**

**RA:**  $17^{\text{h}}34^{\text{m}}40^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-32^{\circ}14'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 3?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:**  $7 \times 11$   
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Elongated shell, brighter in N.

**References:**

Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 847. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 81'' : S = 2.6$ ).

**G356.3 – 1.5**

**RA:**  $17^{\text{h}}39^{\text{m}}20^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-32^{\circ}51'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 3?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:**  $15 \times 20$   
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Double arc.

**References:**

Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 847. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 79''$  :  $S = 2.8$ ).

**G357.7 – 0.1**

**RA:**  $17^{\text{h}}37^{\text{m}}15^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-30^{\circ}56'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 37  
**Spectral index:** 0.4

**MSH 17–39**  
**Size/arcmin:**  $3 \times 8?$   
**Type:** ?

Has been suggested that this is not a SNR.

**Radio:** Multiple arcs and filaments.

**Point sources:** Peripheral compact source (a compact HII region?).

**References:**

Caswell *et al.* 1975, AuJPA, 37, 39. Molonglo at 408 MHz ( $3' : S = 54.2$ ) and Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4' : S = 18.5$ ).  
Milne & Dickel 1975, AuJPh, 28, 209. Parkes 64-m at 5 GHz ( $4'.4 : S = 14.6$ ).  
Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz ( $2'.6$ ).  
Caswell *et al.* 1980, MNRAS, 190, 881. FIRST at 1415 MHz ( $50''$ ).  
Weiler & Panagia 1980, A&A, 90, 269. Effelsberg 100-m at 9 GHz ( $1'.5$ ) (private communication from Baker).  
Shaver *et al.* 1985, Nat, 313, 113. VLA at 1.4 GHz ( $3''.8 \times 10''.9$ ) and 5 GHz ( $12'' \times 26''$ ).  
Becker & Helfand 1985, Nat, 313, 115. VLA at 1.4 GHz and 5 GHz, suggest it is not a SNR, see Helfand & Becker 1985  
Nat, 313, 118.  
Shaver *et al.* 1985, A&A, 147, L23. Observations of peripheral compact source.  
Caswell *et al.* 1989, PASAu, 8, 184. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 83''$ ).  
Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 836. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 84''$ ).  
Stewart *et al.* 1994, ApJ, 432, L39. ATCA at 4.79 and 5.84 GHz ( $12'' \times 22''$ ) and Effelsberg 100-m at 10.6 GHz ( $1'$ ),  
including polarization.  
Frail *et al.* 1996, AJ, 111, 1651. OH emission near remnant, including compact sources (masers).

**G357.7 + 0.3**

**RA:**  $17^{\text{h}}35^{\text{m}}20^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-30^{\circ}42'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 10  
**Spectral index:** 0.4?

**Size/arcmin:** 24  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Non-thermal shell in complex region.

**References:**

Reich & Fürst 1984, A&AS, 57, 165. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.3 : S = 7 \pm 1.5$ ),  $S(5000) = 5.5 \pm 1.5$  from surveys.  
Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 836. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 84''$ ).

**G359.0 – 0.9**

**RA:**  $17^{\text{h}}43^{\text{m}}35^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-30^{\circ}15'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 23  
**Spectral index:** 0.5

**Size/arcmin:** 23  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Incomplete shell.

**References:**

Reich *et al.* 1988, in SNRISM, p293. Summary of parameters.  
Reich *et al.* 1990, A&AS, 85, 633. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.3$ ).  
Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 836. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 86''$ ).

**G359.1 – 0.5**

**RA:**  $17^{\text{h}}42^{\text{m}}20^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-29^{\circ}56'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 14  
**Spectral index:** 0.4?

**Size/arcmin:** 24  
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Non-thermal shell in complex region, crossed by the “snake”.

**Point sources:** Several compact radio sources near centre, OH masers around edge.

**References:**

- Downes *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 1. From observations by Altenhoff *et al.* 1979, A&AS, 35, 23. Effelsberg 100-m at 4.9 GHz ( $2'.6 : S = 13$ ).  
 Reich & Fürst 1984, A&AS, 57, 165. Effelsberg 100-m at 2.7 GHz ( $4'.3 : S = 10 \pm 1.5$ ) and 4.8 GHz ( $2'.4 : S = 8.1 \pm 0.5$ ).  
 Uchida *et al.* 1992, ApJ, 398, 128. VLA at 1.5 GHz ( $11'' \times 10''$ ), and observations of nearby molecular material.  
 Uchida *et al.* 1992, AJ, 104, 1533. VLA at 1.4 GHz.  
 Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 836. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 85''$ ).  
 Yusef-Zadeh *et al.* 1995, Sci, 270, 1801. VLA at 1.4 GHz ( $33'' \times 31''$ ), and 1.7 GHz for OH survey.

**G359.1 + 0.9**

**RA:**  $17^{\text{h}}36^{\text{m}}25^{\text{s}}$   
**Dec:**  $-29^{\circ}09'$

**1-GHz flux/Jy:** 5?  
**Spectral index:** ?

**Size/arcmin:**  $11 \times 12$   
**Type:** S

**Radio:** Shell, brightest in E.

**References:**

- Gray 1994, MNRAS, 270, 847. MOST at 843 MHz ( $43'' \times 88'' : S = 4.3$ ).